

In general if we wish to interpolate  $i - 1$  values between  $w_0$  and  $w_1$  when  $i$  is neither five nor ten,  $w_1$  can be exactly reproduced if some of the symbols are written in the scale of  $i$ . If  $i = 12$ , it is evident that we need two extra symbols, say  $t$  and  $e$ , to stand for ten and eleven respectively. If we wish to interpolate  $i - 1$  values between  $w_0$  and  $w_1$  by the use of (4), in the computation each of  $u_x$ ,  $s$  and  $s^2$  except the given values should contain one more symbol than each given value contains, and the extra symbol should be written in the scale of  $i$ .

## ERRATA

THE ANNALS OF MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

*Volume VI, No. 3, September, 1935*

The eleventh line on page 137 should read

$$u'_0 + 0 - u'_1 - 1 = \frac{1}{54} d_0 + \frac{5}{162} f_0.$$

In the sixth line from bottom of page 139, read  $s^2$ 's, i.e. the plural of  $s^2$ .About the middle of page 141 the formula  $\delta u_3$  should read

$$\delta u_3 = \frac{1}{6} (a_1 - 8 \delta^3 u_x) - \frac{1}{2} \delta^2 u_3.$$