

Erratum

“On the asymptotic behavior of minimizers of the Ginzburg-Landau model in 2-dimensions,” by “Michael Struwe,” *Differential and Integral Equations*, Volume 7, Number 6 (1994), 1613–1624.

As stated, Proposition 3.4 may not be applied in the proof of Proposition 3.3 because the assumption

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \int_{\Omega \cap B_R(0)} (1 - |u_\epsilon|^2)^2 dx \leq K \tag{1}$$

made in Proposition 3.4 has only been verified for $R \leq 5\epsilon^{1/4}$; see Lemma 3.1. The correct statement of Proposition 3.4 is the following:

Proposition 3.4’. *Let $\epsilon < R_0 < R \leq R_1$ and suppose $\hat{u} \in H_g^1$ satisfies $|\hat{u}| \leq 1$ in Ω , $|\hat{u}(x)| \geq \frac{1}{2}$ in A_{R,R_0} and the estimates*

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \int_{\Omega \cap B_{\epsilon^{1/4}}(0)} (1 - |\hat{u}|^2)^2 dx \leq K, \tag{2}$$

as well as

$$E_\epsilon(\hat{u}) \leq K |\ln \epsilon| + K. \tag{3}$$

Then there holds

$$\int_{A_{R,R_0}} |\nabla \hat{u}|^2 dx \geq 2\pi \hat{d}^2 \ln\left(\frac{R}{R_0}\right) - C \hat{d}^2,$$

where $C = C(\Omega, g, K)$ and where \hat{d} is the topological degree of \hat{u} , restricted to $\partial(\Omega \cap B_R(0)) \cong S^1$.

The proof of Proposition 3.4’ is almost identical to the proof of Proposition earlier. We only need to modify the estimates for the error terms I_2 and

$$I_4 = \int_{\bar{A}_{R,R_0}} (1 - \rho^2) \frac{\hat{d}^2}{r^2} dx.$$

We may assume $R \geq \epsilon^{1/4}$. Then we split

$$I_4 = \int_{\bar{A}_{R,\epsilon^{1/4}}} \dots + \int_{\bar{A}_{\epsilon^{1/4},R_0}} \dots = I_5 + I_6$$

and estimate $I_6 \leq \hat{d}^2 (\pi K)^{1/2}$ as before, while by Cauchy-Schwarz

$$I_5 \leq \frac{1}{\epsilon^{1/2}} \int_{\Omega} (1 - \rho^2) \hat{d}^2 dx \leq \hat{d}^2 (\mu(\Omega) \cdot \epsilon E_\epsilon(\hat{u}))^{1/2} \leq C \hat{d}^2.$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned} |I_2| &= 2 \left| \int_{\bar{A}_{R,R_0}} (1 - \rho^2) \frac{\hat{d}}{r^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \theta} dx \right| \leq 4 \int_{\bar{A}_{R,R_0}} (1 - \rho^2)^2 \frac{\hat{d}^2}{r^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int_{\bar{A}_{R,R_0}} |\nabla \psi|^2 dx \\ &\leq 4I_4 + \frac{1}{4} \int_{\bar{A}_{R,R_0}} |\nabla \psi|^2 dx \leq C \hat{d}^2 + \frac{1}{4} \int_{\bar{A}_{R,R_0}} |\nabla \psi|^2 dx, \end{aligned}$$

and the proof may be completed as before.

By a different method, it is possible to prove that, in fact, assumption (1) is satisfied for all R and that Proposition 3.4 can be applied in its original form. The simple argument given above was suggested to me by M.-C. Hong.