

SEMANTICS FOR CONTINGENT IDENTITY SYSTEMS

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In [2], it was shown that the semantics developed by Hughes and Cresswell in [1], pp. 198-199, for the contingent identity systems T + CI, S4 + CI, and S5 + CI is inadequate in that none of these systems is sound with respect to the corresponding notion of validity. The purpose of this note is to present a semantics which is adequate. We restrict our attention to T + CI; extending this semantics to S4 + CI and S5 + CI is straightforward.

A *model structure* is an ordered quadruple $\langle W, R, D, I \rangle$ such that W and D are nonempty sets, R is a binary reflexive relation on W , and I is a nonempty subset of the set of functions from W into D . A *value assignment* V on a model structure $\langle W, R, D, I \rangle$ is a function which assigns each variable \mathbf{a} a value $V(\mathbf{a})$ in I and each n -place predicate letter φ a value $V(\varphi)$ in the set of functions from W into the power set of the n 'th Cartesian product of D with itself. Let V be a value assignment on $\langle W, R, D, I \rangle$ and let $i \in I$. Then $V \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ i \end{bmatrix}$ is defined to be that value assignment on $\langle W, R, D, I \rangle$ which assigns i to \mathbf{a} and elsewhere agrees with V . A *model* is an ordered quintuple $\langle W, R, D, I, V \rangle$ such that $\langle W, R, D, I \rangle$ is a model structure and V is a value assignment on $\langle W, R, D, I \rangle$. Let $\mathfrak{M} = \langle W, R, D, I, V \rangle$ be a model and $i \in I$. Then $\mathfrak{M} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ i \end{bmatrix}$ is defined to be $\langle W, R, D, I, V \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ i \end{bmatrix} \rangle$. Let $\mathfrak{M} = \langle W, R, D, I, V \rangle$ be a model and $w \in W$. Then we define *truth* of a formula at w in \mathfrak{M} (read ' $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \alpha$ ' as ' α is true at w in \mathfrak{M} ') inductively as follows:

- (i) $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \varphi \mathbf{a}_1 \dots \mathbf{a}_n$ iff $\langle V(\mathbf{a}_1)(w), \dots, V(\mathbf{a}_n)(w) \rangle \in V(\varphi)(w)$,
- (ii) $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \mathbf{a} = \mathbf{b}$ iff $V(\mathbf{a})(w) = V(\mathbf{b})(w)$,
- (iii) $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \sim \alpha$ iff it is not the case that $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \alpha$,
- (iv) $\mathfrak{M}, w \models (\alpha \vee \beta)$ iff either $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \alpha$ or $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \beta$,
- (v) $\mathfrak{M}, w \models L\alpha$ iff for all $w' \in W$ such that wRw' , $\mathfrak{M}, w' \models \alpha$,
- (vi) $\mathfrak{M}, w \models (\mathbf{a})\alpha$ iff for each $i \in I$, $\mathfrak{M} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ i \end{bmatrix}, w \models \alpha$.

A formula α is *valid* iff for each model \mathfrak{M} and w in \mathfrak{M} , $\mathfrak{M}, w \models \alpha$. Proof that

T + CI is both sound and complete with respect to this semantics will not be given here. Such a proof can be easily constructed following the proof that the system B1 is sound and complete given in [3].

REFERENCES

- [1] Hughes, G. E., and M. J. Cresswell, *An Introduction to Modal Logic*, London (1968).
- [2] Parks, Zane, and Terry L. Smith, "The inadequacy of Hughes and Cresswell's semantics for the CI systems," *Notre Dame Journal of Formal Logic*, vol. XV (1974), pp. 331-332.
- [3] Parks, Zane, "Investigations into quantified modal logic," in preparation.

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