## XVII. Forcing Axioms

## §0. Introduction

This chapter reports various researches done at different times in the later eighties. In Sect. 1, 2 we represent [Sh:263] which deals with the relationship of various forcing axioms, mainly SPFA = MM, SPFA  $\nvdash$  PFA<sup>+</sup> (=Ax<sub>1</sub>[proper]) but SPFA implies some weaker such axioms (Ax<sub>1</sub>[ $\aleph$ <sub>1</sub>-complete], see 2.14, and more in 2.15, 2.16). See references in each section.

In sections 3, 4 we deal with the canonical functions (from  $\omega_1$  to  $\omega_1$ ) modulo normal filters on  $\omega_1$ . We show in §3 that even PFA<sup>+</sup> does not imply Chang's conjecture [even is consistent with the existence of  $g \in {}^{\omega_1}\omega_1$  such that for no  $\alpha < \aleph_2$  is g smaller (modulo  $\mathcal{D}_{\omega_1}$ ) than the  $\alpha$ -th function]. Then we present a proof that  $\operatorname{Ax}[\alpha\text{-proper}] \nvdash \operatorname{Ax}[\beta\text{-proper}]$  where  $\alpha < \beta < \omega_1$ ,  $\beta$  is additively indecomposable (and state that any CS iteration of c.c.c. and  $\aleph_1$ -complete forcing notions is  $\alpha$ -proper for every  $\alpha$ ).

In the fourth section we get models of CH + " $\omega_1$  is a canonical function" without  $0^{\#}$ , using iteration not adding reals, and some variation (say  $\omega_1$  is the  $\alpha$ -th function, CH +  $2^{\aleph_1} = \aleph_3 |\alpha| = \aleph_2$  (see 4.7(3)). The proof is in line of the various iteration theorems in this book, so here we deal with using large cardinals consistent with V = L.

Historical comments are introduced in each section as they are not so strongly related.