## 11. ERROR BOUNDS FOR ITERATIVE REFINEMENTS

A customary way for approximating eigenelements  $\lambda, \varphi$  of  $T \in BL(X)$ is to consider a nearby simpler operator  $T_0$ , solve the eigenvalue problem

$$\mathbb{T}_0 \varphi_0 = \lambda_0 \varphi_0$$
 ,  $0 \neq \varphi_0 \in \mathbb{X}$  ,  $\lambda_0 \in \mathbb{C}$  ,

and refine the eigenelements  $\lambda_0^{}, \varphi_0^{}$  of  $T_0^{}$  successively to obtain approximations of  $\lambda, \varphi$  .

In this section we develop some refinement schemes of this type when  $\lambda_0$  is simple. We also show that two main iteration schemes lead to a simple eigenvalue  $\lambda$  of T; a region of isolation for  $\lambda$  from the rest of  $\sigma(T)$  is also found. We conclude this section with a discussion of the power method, the inverse iteration and the Rayleigh quotient iteration.

We shall assume throughout this section that  $\lambda_0$  is a simple eigenvalue of  $T_0 \in BL(X)$ , and  $\varphi_0$  (resp.,  $\varphi_0^*$ ) is an eigenvector of  $T_0$  (resp.,  $T_0^*$ ) corresponding to  $\lambda_0$  (resp.,  $\overline{\lambda}_0$ ) such that  $\langle \varphi_0, \varphi_0^* \rangle = 1$ . Let  $P_0$  and  $S_0$  denote, as usual, the spectral projection and the reduced resolvent associated with  $T_0$  and  $\lambda_0$ , respectively. We let  $V_0 = T - T_0$ , so that  $T = T_0 + V_0$ , and seek an eigenvector  $\varphi$  of T which satisfies the same condition :  $\langle \varphi, \varphi_0^* \rangle = 1$ .

We recall the notations introduced in (10.16):

$$\begin{split} \eta_0 &= \, || \mathbb{V}_0 \varphi_0 || \ , \ \mathbf{p}_0 &= \, || \varphi_0^{\bigstar} || \ , \ \mathbf{s}_0 &= \, || \mathbf{S}_0 || \ , \\ \alpha_0 &= \, || \mathbb{V}_0 \mathbf{S}_0 || \ , \ \gamma_0 &= \max\{\eta_0 \mathbf{p}_0 \mathbf{s}_0 \ , \ \alpha_0\} \ . \end{split}$$

Note that if  $\gamma_0 = 0$ , then  $\eta_0 = 0 = \alpha_0$ , so that  $V_0 P_0 = 0 = V_0 S_0$ ; this implies  $V_0 = 0$ . We discard this trivial case.

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