## BEST CONTINUITY AT THE BOUNDARY FOR SOLUTIONS OF THE MINIMAL SURFACE EQUATION

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We consider the Dirichlet problem for the minimal surface equation. We assume that  $\Omega$  is a bounded open set in  $\Re^n$  and  $\phi$  is a continuous function defined on  $\partial \Omega$ . Then we consider the problem:

Find  $u \in C^2(\Omega) \cap C^0(\overline{\Omega})$  such that

(i)  $u = \phi$  on  $\partial \Omega$ ,

(ii) u satisfies the minimal surface equation in  $\Omega$ , that is,

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_i \left( \frac{D_i u}{\sqrt{1 + |D u|^2}} \right) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega.$$

Additionally we assume that  $\partial \Omega$  is  $C^2$  and has nonnegative mean curvature, H, everywhere. This assumption means that there is a unique solution for the problem ([JS]). We examine the way the regularity of u depends on the regularity of  $\phi$ .

If  $k \ge 2$ ,  $0 < \alpha < 1$  and  $\phi$ ,  $\partial \Omega \in C^{k,\alpha}$  then the estimates of Jenkins and Serrin [JS] plus standard theory ([GT]) show that  $u \in C^{k,\alpha}(\overline{\Omega})$ . The case k = 1 has been considered by Lieberman [L] and also Giaquinta and Giusti [GG], and they showed that if  $\phi \in C^{1,\alpha}(\partial \Omega)$  then  $u \in C^{1,\alpha}(\overline{\Omega})$ . The case k = 0 was studied by Giusti [G] and also by the author [W1], [W2], [W3]. The results of Giusti, from 1972, may be summarized as follows: