

Functional Calculus for Non-Commuting Operators

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1. Introduction

Let \mathcal{B} be a unital Banach algebra and $\mathbf{a} = (a_1, \dots, a_m) \in \mathcal{B}^m$. We construct a functional calculus $\Phi_{\mathbf{a}} : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ with a joint spectrum $\gamma(\mathbf{a})$. The space \mathcal{F} is a Banach algebra of functions $f : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ and $\Phi_{\mathbf{a}}$ is a bounded linear transformation with compact support $\text{supp}(\Phi_{\mathbf{a}})$ in \mathbb{R}^m . If the a_j commute then $\Phi_{\mathbf{a}}$ is a homomorphism and if also f is a polynomial in a neighbourhood of $\text{supp}(\Phi_{\mathbf{a}})$ then $\Phi_{\mathbf{a}}(f) = f(\mathbf{a})$. In the non-commuting case weaker properties are retained.

Our primary interest is in the case $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}(X)$, the space of bounded linear operators on the Banach space X . However, it is convenient to formulate the results in the more general setting. This work extends that of Taylor [9], Anderson [1], McIntosh and Pryde [5] and Pryde [6].

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