## Chapter 2

## **Preliminaries**

## §2.1. Two lemmas on Riccati's differential equations

First of all, we give two lemmas on ordinary differential equations of Riccati's type. These two lemmas are due to L. Hörmander [Ho1].

**Lemma 2.1.** Let z = z(t) be a solution in [0,T] of the Riccati's differential equation:

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = a_0(t)z^2 + a_1(t)z + a_2(t), \qquad (2.1.1)$$

where  $a_j(t)$  (j = 0, 1, 2) are continuous,  $a_0(t) \ge 0$ , and T > 0 is a given real number. Let

$$K = \int_0^T |a_2(t)| \, dt \cdot \exp\left(\int_0^T |a_1(t)| \, dt\right). \tag{2.1.2}$$

If -

$$z(0) > K,$$
 (2.1.3)

then it follows that

$$\int_0^T a_0(t)dt \cdot \exp\left(-\int_0^T |a_1(t)|\,dt\right) < (z(0) - K)^{-1}\,. \tag{2.1.4}$$