

## Appendix: Braiding compatibilities

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### §1. Introduction

Let us recall the following basic constructions from [3]: <sup>1</sup> for  $\mathcal{S} \in \text{Perv}_{G(\widehat{\mathcal{O}})}(\text{Gr})$ , by taking nearby cycles we obtain  $Z(\mathcal{S}) \in \text{Perv}_I(\text{Fl})$ . Moreover, for  $\mathcal{S}$  as above and  $\mathcal{T} \in \text{Perv}_I(\text{Fl})$  we have a perverse sheaf  $\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}) \in \text{Perv}_I(\text{Fl})$  with isomorphisms

$$Z(\mathcal{S}) \star \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}) \leftarrow \mathcal{T} \star Z(\mathcal{S}).$$

We will denote the resulting isomorphism  $Z(\mathcal{S}) \star \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{T} \star Z(\mathcal{S})$  by  $u_{\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}}$ .

In addition, we will denote by  $v_{\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{S}_2}$  the morphism  $Z(\mathcal{S}_1) \star Z(\mathcal{S}_2) \rightarrow Z(\mathcal{S}_1 \star \mathcal{S}_2)$  for  $\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{S}_2 \in \text{Perv}_{G(\widehat{\mathcal{O}})}(\text{Gr})$ .

There are 3 properties to check:

1) Let  $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$  be two  $I$ -equivariant perverse sheaves on  $\text{Fl}$ , and  $\mathcal{S}$  be a  $G(\widehat{\mathcal{O}})$ -equivariant perverse sheaf on  $\text{Gr}$ . We must have a commutative diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Z(\mathcal{S}) \star \mathcal{T}_1 \star \mathcal{T}_2 & \xrightarrow{u_{\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}_1} \star \text{id}_{\mathcal{T}_2}} & \mathcal{T}_1 \star Z(\mathcal{S}) \star \mathcal{T}_2 \\ u_{\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}_1 \star \mathcal{T}_2} \downarrow & & \text{id}_{\mathcal{T}_1} \star u_{\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{T}_2} \downarrow \\ \mathcal{T}_1 \star \mathcal{T}_2 \star Z(\mathcal{S}) & \xrightarrow{\text{id}} & \mathcal{T}_1 \star \mathcal{T}_2 \star Z(\mathcal{S}). \end{array}$$

2) Let  $\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{S}_2$  be two  $G(\widehat{\mathcal{O}})$ -equivariant perverse sheaves on  $\text{Gr}$  and  $\mathcal{T}$ —an  $I$ -equivariant perverse sheaf on  $\text{Fl}$ . We must have a commutative diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} Z(\mathcal{S}_1) \star Z(\mathcal{S}_2) \star \mathcal{T} & \xrightarrow{\text{id}_{Z(\mathcal{S}_1)} \star u_{\mathcal{S}_2, \mathcal{T}}} & Z(\mathcal{S}_1) \star \mathcal{T} \star Z(\mathcal{S}_2) & \xrightarrow{u_{\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{T}} \star \text{id}_{Z(\mathcal{S}_2)}} & \mathcal{T} \star Z(\mathcal{S}_1) \star Z(\mathcal{S}_2) \\ v_{\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{S}_2} \star \text{id}_{\mathcal{T}} \downarrow & & & & \text{id}_{\mathcal{T}} \star v_{\mathcal{S}_1, \mathcal{S}_2} \downarrow \\ Z(\mathcal{S}_1 \star \mathcal{S}_2) \star \mathcal{T} & \xrightarrow{u_{\mathcal{S}_1 \star \mathcal{S}_2, \mathcal{T}}} & \mathcal{T} \star Z(\mathcal{S}_1 \star \mathcal{S}_2) & \xrightarrow{\text{id}} & \mathcal{T} \star Z(\mathcal{S}_1 \star \mathcal{S}_2). \end{array}$$

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<sup>1</sup>Our notations follow those of [3].