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The calculation of the character of Moonshine VOA

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§1. Introduction

In Miyamoto [M3], [M6] and Dong-Griess-Höhn [DGH], they described the structure of the Moonshine VOA \mathbf{V}^{\natural} by using two binary codes $D^{\natural}, S^{\natural}$ and Ising models $L(\frac{1}{2},0), \ L(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}), \ L(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{16}).$

The purpose of this note is to calculate the character of \mathbf{V}^{\natural} and the Thompson series of two involutions of Monster Aut(\mathbf{V}^{\natural}) (2A, 2B-involutions of Monster) explicitly by following the descriptions of \mathbf{V}^{\natural} in [M3],[M6] and [DGH]. As is well known (cf.[CN]), these are equal to

$$j(z) - 744$$
, $\left(\frac{\eta(z)}{\eta(2z)}\right)^{24} + 2^{12} \left(\frac{\eta(2z)}{\eta(z)}\right)^{24} + 24$, $\left(\frac{\eta(z)}{\eta(2z)}\right)^{24} + 24$

respectively, where j(z) is the well known elliptic modular function and $\eta(z)$ is Dedekind's η -function. Also see a remark at the end of §4 for the calculations of Thompson series for some other elements. Finally, in §5, we will mention a little bit about VOA of "Reed Müller type".

$\S 2.$ Ising models

2.1. Virasoro Algebra

An infinite dimensional Lie algebra **Vir** having a basis $\{L(m) \ (m \in \mathbb{Z}), \ \mathbf{c}\}\$ is called Virasoro algebra if they satisfies

$$[L(m), \mathbf{c}] = 0, \ [L(m), L(n)] = (m-n)L(m+n) + \frac{m^3 - m}{12} \delta_{m+n,0} \mathbf{c}.$$

Let L(c,h) be an irreducible module of **Vir** with central charge $c \in \mathbb{C}$ and highest weight $h \in \mathbb{C}$. Namely, there exists a vector $v \in \mathbb{C}$

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