

Sufficient Condition for Non-uniqueness of the Positive Cauchy Problem for Parabolic Equations

Minoru Murata

*Dedicated to Professor ShigeToshi Kuroda
on the occasion of his 60th birthday*

§1. Introduction

The purpose of this paper is to give a sufficient condition for non-uniqueness of non-negative solutions of the Cauchy problem

$$(1) \quad (\partial_t - \Delta + V(x))u(x, t) = 0 \quad \text{in } R^n \times (0, \infty),$$
$$(2) \quad u(x, 0) = 0 \quad \text{on } R^n,$$

where V is a real-valued function in $L_{p,\text{loc}}(R^n)$, $p > n/2$ for $n \geq 2$ and $p = 1$ for $n = 1$. We mean by a solution of (1)–(2) a function which belongs to

$$C^0(R^n \times [0, \infty)) \cap L_{2,\text{loc}}([0, \infty); H_{\text{loc}}^1(R_x^n))$$

and satisfies (1) and (2) in the weak sense and continuously, respectively (cf. [A]). We assume that

$$(3) \quad |V(x) - W(|x|)| \leq C \quad \text{on } R^n$$

for some constant $C \geq 0$ and a measurable function W on $[0, \infty)$ with $\inf_{r \geq 0} W(r) > 0$. Our main result is the following

Theorem. *Suppose that*

$$(4) \quad \int_1^\infty W(r)^{-1/2} dr < \infty.$$