

## Constructible Sheaves Associated to Whittaker Functions

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### Introduction

Let  $X_0$  be a proper smooth geometrically connected curve over the field  $F_q$  with  $q$  elements. Let  $K$  be the function field of  $X_0$  over  $F_q$ ,  $A$  the adèle ring of  $K$ , and  $\ell$  a prime number prime to the characteristic of  $F_q$ . Let  $\pi_1(X_0)$  be the fundamental group of  $X_0$ . (For the fundamental group, see [8, p. 39].) We always assume that a continuous representation

$$\rho: \pi_1(X_0) \longrightarrow \mathrm{GL}(n, \bar{Q}_\ell) \quad (\bar{Q}_\ell: \text{an algebraic closure of } Q_\ell)$$

of  $\pi_1(X_0)$  factors through

$$\rho: \pi_1(X_0) \longrightarrow \mathrm{GL}(n, E),$$

where  $E$  is a finite extension of  $Q_\ell$ .

Such a  $\rho$  gives rise to an  $L$ -function

$$L(\rho, s) = \prod_{v \in |X_0|} \det(1 - \mathrm{Nm}(v)^{-s} \rho(\mathrm{Fr}_v))^{-1} \in \bar{Q}_\ell[[q^{-s}]],$$

where  $|X_0|$  is the set of closed points of  $X_0$ , and  $\mathrm{Fr}_v$  is the geometric Frobenius substitution at  $v$ .

Langlands ([6, p. 211]) asked whether it is an automorphic  $L$ -function. (For the definition of automorphic  $L$ -function, see [2, p. 49]). Drinfeld (cf. [3]) has solved this problem for  $n=2$ . First he expressed the Whittaker function associated to  $\rho$  by the trace of the Frobenius substitution on some constructible sheaf. Next, he proved geometrically that the Shalika transform (cf. [9]) of the Whittaker function turns out to be an automorphic form.

For a representation  $\rho$  as above, we can associate a function  $f$  on  $\mathrm{GL}(n, A)$  called the Whittaker function for  $\rho$ . By the functional equation satisfied by the Whittaker function, it can be regarded as a function on  $U_X \backslash \mathrm{GL}(n, A) / \mathrm{GL}(n, \hat{O})$ , where  $U_X$  is the subgroup of upper triangular

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