

On p -Adic Vanishing Cycles (Application of ideas of Fontaine-Messing)

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§ 0. Introduction

Let K be a complete discrete valuation field with perfect residue field k such that $\text{char}(K)=0$ and $\text{char}(k)=p>0$. Let X be a smooth scheme over the valuation ring O_K of K , and fix notations as

$$\begin{aligned} X_K &= X \otimes_{O_K} K, & Y &= X \otimes_{O_K} k, \\ X_{\bar{K}} &= X_K \otimes_K \bar{K}, & \bar{Y} &= Y \otimes_k \bar{k}, & \bar{X} &= X \otimes_{O_K} O_{\bar{K}}, \\ Y &\xrightarrow{i} X \xleftarrow{j} X_K, & \bar{Y} &\xrightarrow{\bar{i}} \bar{X} \xleftarrow{\bar{j}} X_{\bar{K}} \end{aligned}$$

where \bar{K} (resp. \bar{k}) denotes the algebraic closure of K (resp. k) and $O_{\bar{K}}$ denotes the integral closure of O_K in \bar{K} .

The sheaf of p -adic vanishing cycles $\bar{i}^* R^q \bar{j}_*(\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z})$ was studied in [3] [4] and used for the study of the étale cohomology group $H^*(X_{\bar{K}}, \mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z})$. The purpose of Chapter I of this paper is to prove the following new result concerning $\bar{i}^* R^q \bar{j}_*(\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z})$. In Section 1, we define certain complexes $\mathcal{S}_n(r)_X$ ($n \geq 1, 0 \leq r < p$) on $\bar{Y}_{\text{ét}}$ which come from the crystalline cohomology theory, following the ideas of J.-M. Fontaine and W. Messing in their "syntomic cohomology theory" ([10]).

Theorem (Ch. I (4.3)). *Let $0 \leq r < p-1$. Then for any $n \geq 1$, there is a canonical isomorphism*

$$\mathcal{H}^q(\mathcal{S}_n(r)_X) \cong \begin{cases} \bar{i}^* R^q \bar{j}_*(\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z}(r)) & \text{if } q \leq r \\ 0 & \text{if } q > r. \end{cases}$$

Here $\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z}(r)$ denotes the Tate twist of $\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z}$. By the definition of $\mathcal{S}_n(r)_X$ in Ch. I § 1, the result means that $\bar{i}^* R^q \bar{j}_*(\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z})$ can be described in terms of differential forms.

In Chapter II, we shall apply the above result to obtain the following theorem on the étale cohomology groups $H^q(\bar{Y}, \bar{i}^* R^q \bar{j}_*(\mathbf{Z}/p^n \mathbf{Z}))$ in the case