

**A Necessary and Sufficient Condition
for a Local Commutative Algebra
to be a Moduli Algebra:
Weighted Homogeneous Case**

Stephen S.-T. Yau*

Let $\mathcal{O}_{n+1} = \mathbb{C}\{z_0, z_1, \dots, z_n\}$ denote the ring of germs at the origin of holomorphic functions $(\mathbb{C}^{n+1}, 0) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$. If $(V, 0)$ is a germ at the origin of a hypersurface in \mathbb{C}^{n+1} , let $I(V)$ be the ideal of functions in \mathcal{O}_{n+1} vanishing on V , and let f be a generator of $I(V)$. It is well known that $V - \{0\}$ is nonsingular if and only if the \mathbb{C} -vector space

$$A(V) = \mathcal{O}_{n+1} / ((f) + \Delta(f))$$

is finite dimensional, where $\Delta(f)$ is the ideal in \mathcal{O}_{n+1} generated by the first partial derivatives of f . $A(V)$, provided with the obvious \mathbb{C} -algebra structure, is called the moduli algebra of V . In [4] the following theorem was proved.

Theorem 1 (Mather-Yau). *Suppose $(V, 0)$ and $(W, 0)$ are germs of hypersurfaces in \mathbb{C}^{n+1} , and $V - \{0\}$ is nonsingular. Then $(V, 0)$ is biholomorphically equivalent to $(W, 0)$ if and only if $A(V)$ is isomorphic to $A(W)$ as a \mathbb{C} -algebra.*

It is natural to raise the recognition problem: When a commutative local Artinian algebra is a moduli algebra? How can one construct the singularity $(V, 0)$ explicitly from the moduli algebra $A(V)$. In this short note, we shall answer the above questions in the case $(V, 0)$ is a weighted homogeneous singularity. We thank Herwig Hauser for encouraging us in writing up this note for publication.

Let A be a commutative Noetherian algebra with maximal ideal m . Let x_1, \dots, x_k be a system of minimal generating set of m such that their images in m/m^2 form a basis. Consider the algebra homomorphism

$$\varphi: \mathbb{C}\{z_1, \dots, z_k\} \longrightarrow A$$

Received December 20, 1984.

Revised February 28, 1986.

* Research partially supported by N.S.F. Grant #DMS-8411477.