<u>American Mathematical Society, Special Session on History of Mathematics</u> <u>Louisville, Kentucky, 17–20 January 1990</u>

The program of the special session included a talk by Roger Cooke (University of Vermont) on "N.N. Luzin and the persistent problems of set theory." In his talk. Cooke presented his description of Luzin's work in set theory, and in particular presented his analysis of Luzin's extensive and persistent attempts in unpublished notebooks to solve the continuum hypothesis and to deal with the difficulties related to the axiom of choice.

$\frac{\text{Iowa Section Meeting of the Mathematical Association of America}}{6 - 7 \text{ April 1990, Iowa State University}}$

The program of the meeting included a talk by Tan Cao Tran (Loras College) on "A note on the Russell paradox." Tran argued that the Russell paradox is an artificial problem which does not occur in Zermelo-Fraenkel set theory and which arises in Cantorian set theory only because of confusions in Cantopr's language.

<u>Canadian Society for History and Philosophy of Mathematics</u> <u>Société canadiénne d'histoire et de philosophie des mathématiques</u> 31 May – 1 June 1990

The society is international in outlook and membership. Its purpose is to unite scholars who are interested in the history and philosophy of mathematics.

Annual membership dues are Can\$21 (US\$16). Members are entitled to a discounted subscription to Historia Mathematica (Can\$29.50; US\$38). To obtain information about membership, contact M.A. Malik, Department of Mathematics, Concordia University, 7141 Sherbrooke Ouest, Montréal, Québec, H4B 1R6, Canada; tel. (514) 848–3232; electronic mail address: MAMALIK@ CONU1.CA