

EXTENSIONS OF BRANDT SEMIGROUPS

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The purpose of this note is to announce the determination of all (ideal) extensions of a Brandt semigroup by an arbitrary semigroup with zero and to give two applications of this result. We use the terminology and notation of [1].

THEOREM. *Let (V, \circ) be an extension of a Brandt semigroup S by an arbitrary semigroup T with zero, $0'$. Let S be given the Rees representation $S = M^0(G; I, I; \Delta)$. Then there exists a partial homomorphism $w: A \rightarrow w_A$ of $T^* = (T \setminus 0')$ into \mathcal{S}_I the full symmetric inverse semigroup on I . Let s_A and t_A denote the domain and range of w_A respectively. If $AB = 0'$ (juxtaposition denoting multiplication in T) either $s_A \cap t_B = \square$ or $s_A \cap t_B$ is a single element $d_{A,B}$. For each $A \in T^*$ there exists a mapping ψ_A of s_A into the group G such that for $AB = 0'$*

$$(i\psi_A)(iw_A\psi_B) = i\psi_{AB} \quad \text{for all } i \in s_{AB}.$$

The products in V are given by

- (1) (a) $A \circ B = AB$ if $AB = 0'$ in T ,
- (b) $A \circ B = 0$ (in S) if $AB = 0'$ (in T) and $t_A \cap s_B = \square$,
- (c) $A \circ B = (d_{A,B}w_A^{-1}\psi_A)(d_{A,B}\psi_B)$; $d_{A,B}w_A^{-1}, d_{A,B}w_B$
if $AB = 0'$ (in T) and $t_A \cap s_B = d_{A,B}$.
- (2) $(a; i, j) \circ A = \begin{cases} (a(j\psi_A); i, jw_A) & \text{if } j \in s_A, \\ 0 & \text{if } j \notin s_A, \end{cases}$
 $0 \circ A = 0$
- (3) $A \circ (a, i, j) = \begin{cases} ((iw_A^{-1}\psi_A)a; iw_A^{-1}, j) & \text{if } i \in t_A, \\ 0 & \text{if } i \notin t_A, \end{cases}$
 $A \circ 0 = 0.$

Conversely let S be a Brandt semigroup and T be a semigroup with zero such that $S \cap T = \square$. If we are given the mappings w and ψ_A described above and define product \circ in the class sum of S and T^* by (1)–(3), then V is an extension of S by T .

REMARK. An extension of S by T always exists [1].

COROLLARY 1. *An extension V of a Brandt semigroup S by a regular 0-bisimple semigroup T is given by a partial homomorphism [2, p. 522] if and only if there exists an idempotent E in T^* such that there is at most one idempotent of S^* under E .*

REMARK. Warne [2] gave a similar result for the case where S and T are both completely 0-simple semigroups.

If A is a set, $|A|$ will denote the cardinality of A .

COROLLARY 2. *If S is a finite Brandt semigroup and T^* is a simple group with $|T^*| > \max(|I|, |G|)$, then there are $2^{|I|}$ extensions of S by T .*

These results will appear in [3].

REFERENCES

1. A. H. Clifford and G. B. Preston, *The algebraic theory of semigroups*, Vol. 1, Math. Surveys No. 7, Amer. Math. Soc., Providence, R. I., 1961.
2. R. J. Warne, *Extensions of completely 0-simple semigroups by completely 0-simple semigroups*, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. 17 (1966), 522-523.
3. ———, *Extensions of Brandt semigroups and applications* (to appear).

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