## Appendix E

## On a wave equation with a singular source.

In this Appendix we shall show that the solutions of the problem (1.8.3)–(1.8.4), with  $0 \notin \text{supp } f, f \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}), \varphi, \psi \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^2)$ , are smooth on  $\mathbb{R}^3$ \supp  $\rho$ . Consider thus the equation

$$\Box U = f(t) \,\delta_0 \,,$$

recall that

$$\Delta \ln r = 2\pi \delta_0, \tag{E.0.1}$$

where  $\Delta = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}$ , and we also have

$$0 < \alpha \in \mathbb{R}, \quad \Delta r^{\alpha} \ln r = \alpha (\alpha \ln r + 2) r^{\alpha - 2}. \tag{E.0.2}$$

From (E.0.1) one finds that the function  $U_1 = U - f(t) \ln r/2\pi$  satisfies

$$\Box U_1 = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t^2} \ln r \,,$$

and using (E.0.2) one shows by induction that there exist functions  $\varphi_i \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}), 0 \notin$ supp  $\varphi_i$ , such that for any  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  we have

$$\Box U_k \equiv \Box \left( U - \sum_{i=0}^k \varphi_i(t) r^{2i} \ln r \right)$$
$$= \chi_k(t) r^{2k} \ln r + \psi_k \equiv \rho_k ,$$

for some functions  $\chi_k \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R})$ ,  $\psi_k \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^3)$ . For any  $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$  we can find k such that  $\rho_k \in H_{\ell+2}(\mathbb{R}^3)$ ; we also have  $U_k|_{t=0} = U|_{t=0}$ , thus the Cauchy data for  $U_k$  are smooth, and by standard theory  $U_k \in H_{\ell+2}(\mathbb{R}^3) \subset C_{\ell}(\mathbb{R}^3)$ . This shows that for any  $\ell$  we have  $U \in C_{\ell}(\mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \mathbb{S}^3)$ , thus  $U \in C_{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \mathbb{S}^3)$ , which had to be established. Let us note that the argument presented above provides also an asymptotic expansion for  $U_{\rho}$  in a neighbourhood of supp  $\rho$ , which can be used to analyze in detail the nature of the singularities occuring in  $(M_{\rho}, \gamma_{\rho})$ .