

## CORRIGENDUM, VOLUME 82

Abraham Zaks, *Half factorial domains* pp. 721–723.

In §1 the second paragraph is to read:

A Dedekind domain is called special, if whenever a nonprincipal prime  $P$  equals (in  $C(R)$ ) a product of primes  $Q_1 \cdots Q_r$ , it already equals one of the  $Q$ 's (in  $C(R)$ ).

In §2 the Proposition 2 is to read:

PROPOSITION 2. *Suppose that in the Dedekind domain  $R$ , for every prime ideal  $M$  there exists a prime ideal  $N$  so the  $MN$  is a principal ideal. Then  $R$  is an HFD iff  $R$  is a special Dedekind domain whose class group is a direct sum of a free group and a 2-elementary group.*

---

AMS (MOS) subject classifications (1970). Primary 10A25, 13F99; Secondary 12A45, 13D15.

## CORRECTION, VOLUME 82

Robert C. Reilly, *Applications of the integral of an invariant of the Hessian*, pp. 579–580.

Equation (1) should read:

$$(1) \quad \int_M 2S_2(f)\Omega = \int_N \{(\Delta z - uK_1)u - \langle \nabla z, \nabla u \rangle - \Pi(\nabla z, \nabla z)\} \Psi \\ + \int_M \text{Ric}(\text{grad } f, \text{grad } f)\Omega.$$

Equation (2) should read

$$(2) \quad 1 \geq \epsilon \left( \frac{2\alpha}{1 + \epsilon} \right)^{1/2} \int_{t_1}^T \left( \frac{V(t_1)}{V(t)} \right)^\epsilon dt.$$

---

AMS (MOS) subject classifications (1970). Primary 53C20, 53C40.