

ON THE COHOMOLOGY OF STABLE TWO STAGE POSTNIKOV SYSTEMS

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Introduction. Let $\xi = (E, p, B, F)$ denote a two stage Postnikov system with stable k -invariant. We announce results about $H^*(\Omega E)$ as a Hopf algebra over the Steenrod algebra. Mod 2 cohomology is used exclusively. Unexplained notation is from [4] and [5]. I am grateful to D. Anderson, W. Massey, F. Peterson and H. Salomonsen for many useful remarks.

We make the following assumptions on ξ , in addition to those of [5, p. 38]. F and B are simply connected products of finitely many Eilenberg-MacLane spaces. The nonzero homotopy groups of the factors of B are infinite cyclic or cyclic of order 2^k , $k = 1, 2, \dots$. All factors of F have Z_2 (cyclic group of order 2) as their only nonzero homotopy group.

Results of [3], [4], [5] and [8] give $H^*(\Omega E) \cong R \otimes U(X')$. The isomorphism is as algebras over Z_2 and \otimes is over Z_2 . $R = R(\Omega\xi) = H^*(\Omega B)/\ker \Omega p^*$ and $X' = X'(\Omega\xi)$ is considered as known, [5, p. 54]. In general $H^*(\Omega E)$ does not split this way as a Hopf algebra over Z_2 . The new result is Theorem A. It gives $H^*(\Omega E)$ as a coalgebra over R . It also gives information on the extension problem represented by the fundamental sequence of $\Omega\xi$ [5, p. 54]. This use of the Hopf algebra structure is well known, [1], [5] and [6].

1. The main theorem. Consider the following diagram of unstable A -modules and A -maps. The squares are commutative.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 (1) & X'(\Omega\xi) & \xleftarrow{\alpha} & Y''/\lambda Y'' & \xleftarrow{\pi} & Y'' & \xrightarrow{c} & \Omega Y, \\
 & & & & & & & \\
 & & & Y & \xrightarrow{f^*} & Z & \xrightarrow{\rho} & Z' \\
 (2) & & & \sigma_{B_0} \downarrow & & \sigma_B \downarrow & & \sigma' \downarrow \cdot \\
 & & & \Omega Y & \xrightarrow{\Omega f^*} & \Omega Z & \xrightarrow{\rho'} & \Omega Z'
 \end{array}$$

Here α is an A -isomorphism of degree -1 ; π , ρ and ρ' are natural projections; c is inclusion, and σ' is the obvious map. The remaining

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maps and modules are as in [5, p. 63]. In particular $Y'' = \ker \Omega f^*$, Z' and $\Omega Z'$ are $\text{coker } f^*$ and $\text{coker } \Omega f^*$ respectively.

Using (1) and (2) we associate with each homogeneous element $x \in X'(\Omega\xi)$ an element $w \in \Omega Z'$ as follows. Let $y \in \Omega Y$ such that $\alpha^*(y) = x$. Let $t \in Y$ such that $\sigma_{B_0}(t) = y$. Since $\sigma_{B_0} f^*(t) = 0$, $f^*(t) = \lambda z$ for some $z \in Z$. Let $w = \sigma' \rho(z)$. Note that the calculation of w just involves the Adem relations.

PROPOSITION 1. w is a unique element of $\Omega Z'$.

PROOF. σ_{B_0} is a map of degree -1 and λ doubles degrees. Hence $\rho f^* | \sigma_{B_0}^{-1}(\lambda Y'') = 0$. This and looking at the choices involved in the definition of w give the result.

THEOREM A. There exists an element $e \in P(\Omega\xi)$ such that $\Omega i^*(e) = x$ and $\bar{\mu}_2(e) = q(w \otimes w)$. Here q is the map

$$\Omega p^* \otimes \Omega p^*: R(\Omega\xi \times \Omega\xi) \rightarrow P(\Omega\xi \times \Omega\xi).$$

The notation is [5, p. 63]. The proof uses the Serre spectral sequence in a manner similar to but more involved than arguments of [2] and [7].

REMARKS. 1. Theorem A amounts to calculating the homomorphism

$$X'(\Omega\xi)/\text{im } \sigma_3 \rightarrow R(\Omega\xi \times \Omega\xi)/\text{im } \bar{\mu}_1$$

in the exact sequence at the bottom of p. 63 [5]. (μ_i should be replaced by $\bar{\mu}_i$, $i = 1, 2$, there.)

2. If degree x is odd, then $w = 0$. If degree x is even, it is quite possible for $w = 0$ and not have $x \in \text{im } \sigma_3$. An example is given by $B = K(Z_2, 2)$, $F = K(Z_2, 7)$ and k -invariant $\text{Sq}^4 \text{Sq}^2$. This example was also discovered by Massey.

3. Let $\{x_i\}$ be a homogeneous Z_2 -basis for $X'(\Omega\xi)$. Let $\{e_i\} \subset P(\Omega\xi)$ satisfy Theorem A with $\Omega i^*(e_i) = x_i$. Then, by results of [4] and [5], $\{1\} \cup \{e_i\}$ form a simple system of generators for $H^*(\Omega E)$ as an algebra over R . Thus Theorem A calculates the coproduct of $H^*(\Omega E)$ considered as coalgebra over R . (R acts on $H^*(\Omega E) \otimes H^*(\Omega E)$ via $q\mu_1$.)

4. Let $\{x_i\}$ and $\{e_i\}$ be as in Remark 3. Let $\theta \in A$ and consider $\sum x_j = \Omega i^*(\theta e_i)$. Then $(\theta e_i + \sum e_j) = \Omega p^*(r)$ for a unique $r \in R$. The naturality of fundamental sequences with respect to loop multiplication and suspension gives much information about r . For example a unique element $[r] \in R/S$ is determined by the formula

$$q\bar{\mu}_1([r]) = \bar{\mu}_2(\theta e_i + \sum e_j).$$

Here $S \subset R$ is the A -submodule of primitives and $\mu_1: R/S \rightarrow R \otimes R$ is considered as an A -map. It is well known to be a monomorphism. A similar formula can be obtained using suspension. We remark that if F and B are 2-connected and R is an exterior algebra over Z_2 , then such formulae and the knowledge of $P(\Omega^2\xi)$ as an A -module permit a complete calculation of $P(\Omega\xi)$ as an A -module. We defer details to a longer paper.

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