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MEASURE PRESERVING CONTINUOUS SMOOTHING OF FRACTIONAL DIMENSIONAL SETS

A set $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ is called an s-set if E has nonzero, finite Hausdorff s-dimensional measure. Call an s-set smooth if $\forall \delta > 0$, $s-m(E) = s-m_{\delta}(E)$. A necessary and sufficient condition for E to be a smooth s-set is easily seen to be that for each set A, $s-m(E\cap A) \leq \operatorname{diam}(A)^s$. Some general examples are given in which there is a continuous, one-to-one function f which is measure preserving on E so that f(E) is smooth (such an f will be called a smoothing of E). Each s-set is shown to be the countable union of sets for which there are smoothings.