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Analytic Capacity and Differentiability Properties

of Finely Harmonic Functions

Summary

Let f be a finely harmonic function defined in a finely open set V in the complex plane. We investigate two kinds of differentiability properties of f, and prove the following:

- 1) If g_n are harmonic functions in a neighbourhood of \overline{V} converging uniformly on V to f, $|g_n^{-f}| < 2^{-n}$, then $\overline{V}g_n$ converge (to a limit depending only on f) everywhere outside a set of Newtonian capacity zero, and almost everywhere (wrt. arc length) on any rectifiable arc. On the other hand, $\overline{V}g_n$ may diverge everywhere on a given set of zero analytic capacity.
- 2) The proofs apply to give an estimate for analytic capacity. This estimate in turn implies that any compact set of Hausdorff dimension less than 1 is γ -negligible, i.e. negligible wrt. approximation by bounded analytic functions.
- 3) If E is a compact set of zero capacity wrt. the kernel
 h(z) = |z|⁻¹log|z|, then there exists a finely harmonic function f
 on a finely open set V ⊇ E such that f is not finely differentiable
 at any point of E. This is the converse of a result due to Fuglede
 and Mizuta.

Details will appear in Acta Mathematica.