

On a second order rational systems of difference equations

N. TOUAFEK and E. M. ELSAYED

(Received November 13, 2012; Revised September 28, 2013)

Abstract. In this paper we study the periodicity and the form of the solutions of the following systems of difference equations of order two

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{y_n x_{n-1}}{\pm x_{n-1} \pm y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{\pm x_n \pm y_{n-1}}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}_0,$$

with nonzero real numbers initial conditions.

Key words: Periodic solutions, system of difference equations.

1. Introduction

Difference equations appear naturally as discrete analogues and as numerical solutions of differential and delay differential equations having applications in biology, ecology, economy, physics and so on. So, recently there has been an increasing interest in the study of qualitative analysis of rational difference equations and systems of difference equations. Although difference equations are very simple in form, it is extremely difficult to understand thoroughly the behaviors of their solutions. See [1]–[15], [36] and the references cited therein.

Periodic solutions of difference equations have been investigated by many researchers, and various methods have been proposed for the existence and qualitative properties of the solution. For example, the periodicity of the positive solutions of the rational difference equations system

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{y_n}{x_{n-1} y_{n-1}},$$

was studied by Cinar in [2].

Elabbasy et al. [3] has obtained the solution of particular cases of the following general system of difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{a_1 + a_2 y_n}{a_3 z_n + a_4 x_{n-1} z_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{b_1 z_{n-1} + b_2 z_n}{b_3 x_n y_n + b_4 x_n y_{n-1}},$$

$$z_{n+1} = \frac{c_1 z_{n-1} + c_2 z_n}{c_3 x_{n-1} y_{n-1} + c_4 x_{n-1} y_n + c_5 x_n y_n}.$$

In [11], Elsayed et al. studied the periodic nature and the form of the solutions of the following nonlinear difference equations systems of order three

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-2}}{y_{n-1}(\pm 1 \pm x_n y_{n-2})}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{y_n x_{n-2}}{x_{n-1}(\pm 1 \pm y_n x_{n-2})}.$$

In [22], Kurbanli et al. dealt with the periodicity of solutions of the system of rational difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} + y_n}{x_{n-1} y_n - 1}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{y_{n-1} + x_n}{y_{n-1} x_n - 1}.$$

Özban [25] has investigated the positive solutions of the system of rational difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{y_{n-k}}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{y_n}{x_{n-m} y_{n-m-k}}.$$

Touafek et al. [29] investigated the periodic nature and gave the form of the solutions of the following systems of rational difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-3}}{\pm 1 \pm x_{n-3} y_{n-1}}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{y_{n-3}}{\pm 1 \pm y_{n-3} x_{n-1}}.$$

In [30] Yalçınkaya investigated the sufficient condition for the global asymptotic stability of the following system of difference equations

$$z_{n+1} = \frac{t_n z_{n-1} + a}{t_n + z_{n-1}}, \quad t_{n+1} = \frac{z_n t_{n-1} + a}{z_n + t_{n-1}}.$$

Also, Yalçınkaya [31] has obtained the sufficient conditions for the global asymptotic stability of the system of two nonlinear difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_n + y_{n-1}}{x_n y_{n-1} - 1}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{y_n + x_{n-1}}{y_n x_{n-1} - 1}.$$

Yang et al. [35] has investigated the behavior of the positive solutions of the systems

$$x_n = \frac{a}{y_{n-p}}, \quad y_n = \frac{b y_{n-p}}{x_{n-q} y_{n-q}}.$$

Similar nonlinear systems of rational difference equations were investigated see [16]–[37].

Our aim in this paper is to consider the following systems of difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{y_n x_{n-1}}{\pm x_{n-1} \pm y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{\pm x_n \pm y_{n-1}}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}_0$$

with nonzero real numbers initial conditions.

Definition 1 (Periodicity) A sequence $\{x_n\}_{n=-k}^{\infty}$ is said to be periodic with period p if $x_{n+p} = x_n$ for all $n \geq -k$.

Definition 2 (Fibonacci Sequence) The sequence $\{F_m\}_{m=0}^{\infty} = \{0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, \dots\}$ i.e., $F_m = F_{m-1} + F_{m-2}$, $m \geq 2$, $F_0 = 0$, $F_1 = 1$ is called Fibonacci Sequence.

2. Main Results

2.1. The system: $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}y_n/(x_{n-1} + y_n)$, $y_{n+1} = x_n y_{n-1}/(x_n + y_{n-1})$

In this section, we study the solutions of the system of the difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1}y_n}{x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n + y_{n-1}}, \quad (1)$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real numbers such that $y_0/x_{-1}, x_0/y_{-1} \notin \{-(F_{n+1}/F_n), n = 1, 2, \dots\}$.

The following theorem is devoted to the form of the solutions of system (1).

Theorem 1 Suppose that $\{x_n, y_n\}$ are solutions of system (1). Then for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} x_{2n-1} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1}F_{2n} + y_0F_{2n-1}}, & x_{2n} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0F_{2n} + y_{-1}F_{2n+1}}, \\ y_{2n-1} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{y_{-1}F_{2n} + x_0F_{2n-1}}, & y_{2n} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{y_0F_{2n} + x_{-1}F_{2n+1}}, \end{aligned}$$

where $\{F_n\}_{n=0}^\infty = \{0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, \dots\}$, $F_{-1} = 1$.

Proof. For $n = 0$ the result holds. Now suppose that $n > 0$ and that our assumption holds for $n - 1$. That is,

$$\begin{aligned} x_{2n-3} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1}F_{2n-2} + y_0F_{2n-3}}, & x_{2n-2} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0F_{2n-2} + y_{-1}F_{2n-1}}, \\ y_{2n-3} &= \frac{y_{-1}x_0}{y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3}}, & y_{2n-2} &= \frac{y_0x_{-1}}{y_0F_{2n-2} + x_{-1}F_{2n-1}}. \end{aligned}$$

It is concluded from Eq.(1) that

$$\begin{aligned} x_{2n} &= \frac{y_{2n-1}x_{2n-2}}{y_{2n-1} + x_{2n-2}} = \frac{\left(\frac{x_{2n-2}y_{2n-3}}{x_{2n-2} + y_{2n-3}}\right)x_{2n-2}}{\left(\frac{x_{2n-2}y_{2n-3}}{x_{2n-2} + y_{2n-3}}\right) + x_{2n-2}} = \frac{x_{2n-2}y_{2n-3}}{2y_{2n-3} + x_{2n-2}} \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0F_{2n-2} + y_{-1}F_{2n-1}}\right)\left(\frac{y_{-1}x_0}{y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3}}\right)}{\left(\frac{2y_{-1}x_0}{y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3}}\right) + \left(\frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0F_{2n-2} + y_{-1}F_{2n-1}}\right)} \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{(x_0y_{-1})^2}{(x_0F_{2n-2} + y_{-1}F_{2n-1})(y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3})}\right)}{\left(\frac{y_{-1}x_0(y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3} + 2x_0F_{2n-2} + 2y_{-1}F_{2n-1})}{(y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3})(x_0F_{2n-2} + y_{-1}F_{2n-1})}\right)} \\ &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{y_{-1}F_{2n-2} + x_0F_{2n-3} + 2x_0F_{2n-2} + 2y_{-1}F_{2n-1}} \\ &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{y_{-1}(F_{2n-2} + F_{2n-1}) + y_{-1}F_{2n-1} + x_0(F_{2n-3} + F_{2n-2}) + x_0F_{2n-2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{y_{-1} F_{2n} + y_{-1} F_{2n-1} + x_0 F_{2n-1} + x_0 F_{2n-2}} \\
 &= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{y_{-1} F_{2n+1} + x_0 F_{2n}},
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_{2n} &= \frac{x_{2n-1} y_{2n-2}}{x_{2n-1} + y_{2n-2}} = \frac{\left(\frac{y_{2n-2} x_{2n-3}}{y_{2n-2} + x_{2n-3}} \right) y_{2n-2}}{\left(\frac{y_{2n-2} x_{2n-3}}{y_{2n-2} + x_{2n-3}} \right) + y_{2n-2}} = \frac{y_{2n-2} x_{2n-3}}{2x_{2n-3} + y_{2n-2}} \\
 &= \frac{\left(\frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{y_0 F_{2n-2} + x_{-1} F_{2n-1}} \right) \left(\frac{x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_{2n-2} + y_0 F_{2n-3}} \right)}{\left(\frac{2x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_{2n-2} + y_0 F_{2n-3}} \right) + \left(\frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{y_0 F_{2n-2} + x_{-1} F_{2n-1}} \right)} \\
 &= \frac{\left(\frac{(y_0 x_{-1})^2}{(y_0 F_{2n-2} + x_{-1} F_{2n-1})(x_{-1} F_{2n-2} + y_0 F_{2n-3})} \right)}{\left(\frac{x_{-1} y_0 (x_{-1} F_{2n-2} + y_0 F_{2n-3} + 2y_0 F_{2n-2} + 2x_{-1} F_{2n-1})}{(x_{-1} F_{2n-2} + y_0 F_{2n-3})(y_0 F_{2n-2} + x_{-1} F_{2n-1})} \right)} \\
 &= \frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{2n-2} + y_0 F_{2n-3} + 2y_0 F_{2n-2} + 2x_{-1} F_{2n-1}} \\
 &= \frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} (F_{2n-2} + F_{2n-1}) + x_{-1} F_{2n-1} + y_0 (F_{2n-3} + F_{2n-2}) + y_0 F_{2n-2}} \\
 &= \frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{2n} + x_{-1} F_{2n-1} + y_0 F_{2n-1} + y_0 F_{2n-2}} \\
 &= \frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{2n+1} + y_0 F_{2n}}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, one can prove the other relations. The proof is complete. \square

Lemma 1 *Every positive solution of system (1) is bounded and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n = 0$.*

Proof. Eq.(1) shows that

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{x_{n-1} + y_n} < \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{y_n} = x_{n-1},$$

$$y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n + y_{n-1}} < \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n} = y_{n-1},$$

or

$$x_{n+1} < x_{n-1}, \quad y_{n+1} < y_{n-1}.$$

Then, the subsequences $\{x_{2n-1}\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$, $\{x_{2n}\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$, $\{y_{2n-1}\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$, $\{y_{2n}\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$ are decreasing and so are bounded from above by M, N respectively since $M = \max\{x_{-1}, x_0\}$, $N = \max\{y_{-1}, y_0\}$. \square

Example 1 In order to illustrate the results of this section and to support our theoretical discussion, we consider an interesting numerical example for the difference system (1) with the initial conditions $x_{-1} = 0.8$, $x_0 = 3$, $y_{-1} = 2$ and $y_0 = 0.7$. (See Fig. 1).

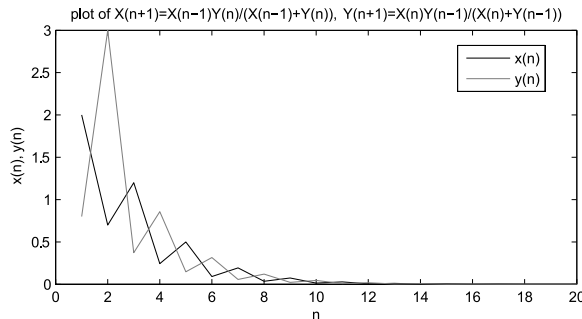


Figure 1. This figure shows the behavior of the solution of the system (1) with the initial values as in example (1).

Similar to the previous theorem, we can prove the following theorem:

Theorem 2 *The solutions of the following system of difference equations*

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n - y_{n-1}},$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real numbers such that $y_0/x_{-1}, \notin \{F_{n+1}/F_n, n = 1, 2, \dots\}$ and $x_0/y_{-1} \notin \{-(F_{n+1}/F_n), n = 1, 2, \dots\}$, are given by the following expressions for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$x_{2n-1} = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1}F_{2n} - y_0F_{2n-1}}, \quad x_{2n} = \frac{(-1)^n x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 F_{2n} + y_{-1} F_{2n+1}},$$

$$y_{2n-1} = \frac{(-1)^n x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 F_{2n-1} + y_{-1} F_{2n}}, \quad y_{2n} = \frac{(-1)^n x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_{2n+1} - y_0 F_{2n}}.$$

2.2. The system: $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}y_n/(x_{n-1} + y_n)$, $y_{n+1} = x_n y_{n-1}/(x_n - y_{n-1})$

In this section, we study the solutions of the system of the difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1}y_n}{x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n - y_{n-1}}, \quad (2)$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real numbers with $x_0 \neq y_{-1}$ and $x_{-1} \neq -y_0$.

Theorem 3 *Suppose that $\{x_n, y_n\}$ are solutions of system (2). Also, assume that x_{-1} , x_0 , y_{-1} and y_0 are arbitrary nonzero real numbers with $x_0 \neq y_{-1}$ and $x_{-1} \neq -y_0$. Then, every solution of Eq.(2) is a periodic solution with period twelve and given by the following formulas for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$*

$$\begin{aligned} x_{12n-1} &= x_{-1}, & x_{12n} &= x_0, & x_{12n+1} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}, \\ x_{12n+2} &= y_{-1}, & x_{12n+3} &= y_0, & x_{12n+4} &= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\ x_{12n+5} &= -x_{-1}, & x_{12n+6} &= -x_0, & x_{12n+7} &= \frac{-x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}, \\ x_{12n+8} &= -y_{-1}, & x_{12n+9} &= -y_0, & x_{12n+10} &= \frac{-x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\ y_{12n-1} &= y_{-1}, & y_{12n} &= y_0, & y_{12n+1} &= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\ y_{12n+2} &= -x_{-1}, & y_{12n+3} &= -x_0, & y_{12n+4} &= -\frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}, \\ y_{12n+5} &= -y_{-1}, & y_{12n+6} &= -y_0, & y_{12n+7} &= \frac{-x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\ y_{12n+8} &= x_{-1}, & y_{12n+9} &= x_0, & y_{12n+10} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}. \end{aligned}$$

Proof. For $n = 0$ the result holds. Now suppose that $n > 0$ and that our assumption holds for $n - 1$, that is,

$$\begin{aligned}
x_{12n-13} &= x_{-1}, & x_{12n-12} &= x_0, & x_{12n-11} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}, \\
x_{12n-10} &= y_{-1}, & x_{12n-9} &= y_0, & x_{12n-8} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\
x_{12n-7} &= -x_{-1}, & x_{12n-6} &= -x_0, & x_{12n-5} &= \frac{-x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}, \\
x_{12n-4} &= -y_{-1}, & x_{12n-3} &= -y_0, & x_{12n-2} &= \frac{-x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\
y_{12n-13} &= y_{-1}, & y_{12n-12} &= y_0, & y_{12n-11} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\
y_{12n-10} &= -x_{-1}, & y_{12n-9} &= -x_0, & y_{12n-8} &= -\frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}, \\
y_{12n-7} &= -y_{-1}, & y_{12n-6} &= -y_0, & y_{12n-5} &= \frac{-x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\
y_{12n-4} &= x_{-1}, & y_{12n-3} &= x_0, & y_{12n-2} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0}.
\end{aligned}$$

From Eq.(2), we see that

$$\begin{aligned}
x_{12n-1} &= \frac{x_{12n-3}y_{12n-2}}{x_{12n-3} + y_{12n-2}} = \frac{-y_0 \left(\frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0} \right)}{-y_0 + \left(\frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0} \right)} \\
&= \frac{-x_{-1}y_0}{(x_{-1} + y_0) \left(-1 + \left(\frac{x_{-1}}{x_{-1} + y_0} \right) \right)} \\
&= \frac{-x_{-1}y_0}{(-x_{-1} - y_0 + x_{-1})} = x_{-1}, \\
y_{12n-1} &= \frac{x_{12n-2}y_{12n-3}}{x_{12n-2} - y_{12n-3}} = \frac{\left(-\frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}} \right) x_0}{\left(-\frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}} \right) - x_0}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{(x_0 - y_{-1}) \left(\left(\frac{y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}} \right) + 1 \right)} \\
&= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{(y_{-1} + x_0 - y_{-1})} = y_{-1}, \\
x_{12n} &= \frac{y_{12n-1} x_{12n-2}}{x_{12n-2} + y_{12n-1}} = \frac{y_{-1} \left(-\frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}} \right)}{\left(-\frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}} \right) + y_{-1}} \\
&= \frac{(-x_0 y_{-1})}{(x_0 - y_{-1}) \left(\left(-\frac{x_0}{x_0 - y_{-1}} \right) + 1 \right)} \\
&= \frac{(-x_0 y_{-1})}{(-x_0 + x_0 - y_{-1})} = x_0, \\
y_{12n} &= \frac{x_{12n-1} y_{12n-2}}{x_{12n-1} - y_{12n-2}} = \frac{x_{-1} \left(\frac{x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0} \right)}{x_{-1} - \left(\frac{x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0} \right)} \\
&= \frac{x_{-1} y_0}{(x_{-1} + y_0) \left(1 - \left(\frac{y_0}{x_{-1} + y_0} \right) \right)} \\
&= \frac{x_{-1} y_0}{(x_{-1} + y_0 - y_0)} = y_0.
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly, one can prove the other relations. The proof is complete. \square

Example 2 We consider a numerical example for the difference equations system (2) with the initial conditions $x_{-1} = 0.8$, $x_0 = 3$, $y_{-1} = 2$ and $y_0 = 0.7$. (See Fig. 2).

The following cases can be proved similarly.

Theorem 4 Assume that $\{x_n, y_n\}$ are solutions of the system

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n + y_{n-1}},$$

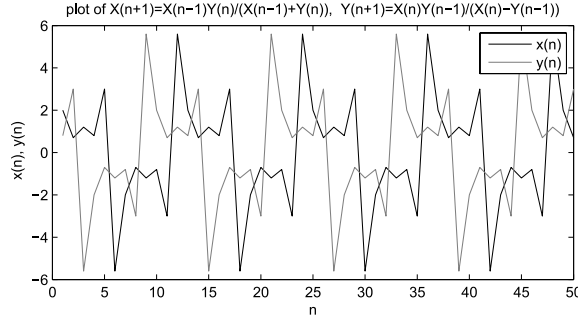


Figure 2. This figure shows the periodicity of the solution of the system (2) with the initial values as in example (2).

with the initial conditions which are arbitrary nonzero real numbers. Then, every solution of this system is periodic with period six and

$$\begin{aligned} x_{6n-1} &= x_{-1}, & x_{6n} &= x_0, & x_{6n+1} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} - y_0}, \\ x_{6n+2} &= -y_{-1}, & x_{6n+3} &= -y_0, & x_{6n+4} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, \\ y_{6n-1} &= y_{-1}, & y_{6n} &= y_0, & y_{6n+1} &= \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{-x_0 + y_{-1}}, \\ y_{6n+2} &= -x_{-1}, & y_{6n+3} &= -x_0, & y_{6n+4} &= \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{-x_{-1} + y_0} \end{aligned}$$

Or equivalently,

$$\begin{aligned} \{x_n\}_{n=0}^{\infty} &= \left\{ x_{-1}, x_0, \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{x_{-1} - y_0}, -y_{-1}, -y_0, \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{x_0 - y_{-1}}, x_{-1}, x_0, \dots \right\}, \\ \{y_n\}_{n=0}^{\infty} &= \left\{ y_{-1}, y_0, \frac{x_0y_{-1}}{-x_0 + y_{-1}}, -x_{-1}, -x_0, \frac{x_{-1}y_0}{-x_{-1} + y_0}, y_{-1}, y_0, \dots \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

where $x_0 \neq y_{-1}$ and $x_{-1} \neq y_0$.

2.3. The system: $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}y_n/(x_{n-1} - y_n)$, $y_{n+1} = x_n y_{n-1}/(x_n + y_{n-1})$

In this section, we study the solutions of the system of the difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1}y_n}{x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n + y_{n-1}}, \quad (3)$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real numbers with $y_{-1}/x_0 \notin \{-(F_{n+1}/F_n), n = 1, 2, \dots\}$ and $x_{-1}/y_0 \notin \{F_n/F_{n+2}, n = 1, 2, \dots\} \cup \{1\}$.

Theorem 5 *If $\{x_n, y_n\}$ are solutions of system (3). Then the solutions of system (3) are given by the following formulas for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$*

$$x_{2n} = \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 F_n + y_{-1} F_{n-1}}, \quad x_{2n-1} = \frac{x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_n - y_0 F_{n-2}},$$

$$y_{2n} = \frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{n+2} - y_0 F_n}, \quad y_{2n-1} = \frac{y_{-1} x_0}{y_{-1} F_n + x_0 F_{n+1}},$$

where $\{F_n\}_{n=0}^\infty = \{0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, \dots\}$, $F_{-2} = -1$, $F_{-1} = 1$.

Lemma 2 *Every positive solution of the equation $y_{n+1} = x_n y_{n-1} / (x_n + y_{n-1})$ is bounded and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n = 0$.*

Example 3 See Figure 3, for the initial conditions $x_{-1} = 5$, $x_0 = 0.11$, $y_{-1} = 0.4$ and $y_0 = 3$ when we consider system (3).

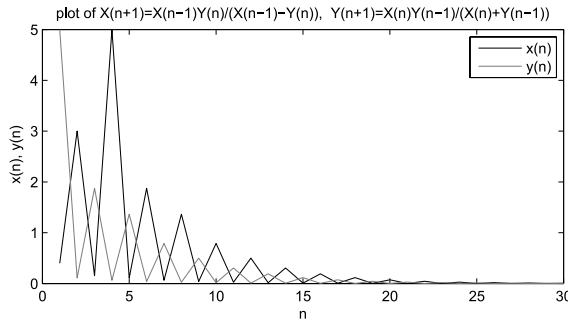


Figure 3. This figure shows the solution of the system (3) with the initial values as in example (3).

Theorem 6 *The solutions of the system*

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1}y_n}{x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n + y_{n-1}},$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real numbers with $x_{-1}/y_0 \notin \{-(F_{n+1}/F_n), n = 1, 2, \dots, \}$ and $y_{-1}/x_0 \notin \{F_n/F_{n+2}, n = 1, 2, \dots, \} \cup \{1\}$ are given for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$, by

$$\begin{aligned} x_{2n} &= \frac{x_0 y_{-1}}{y_{-1} F_{n+2} - x_0 F_n}, & x_{2n-1} &= \frac{x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_n + y_0 F_{n+1}}, \\ y_{2n} &= \frac{y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{n-1} + y_0 F_n}, & y_{2n-1} &= \frac{y_{-1} x_0}{y_{-1} F_n - x_0 F_{n-2}}. \end{aligned}$$

2.4. The system: $x_{n+1} = (x_{n-1} y_n)/(x_{n-1} - y_n)$, $y_{n+1} = x_n y_{n-1}/(x_n - y_{n-1})$

In this section, we investigate the solutions of the following system of the difference equations

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n - y_{n-1}}, \quad (4)$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real numbers with $x_{-1}/y_0 \notin \{F_{n+1}/F_n, n = 1, 2, \dots, \}$ and $y_{-1}/x_0 \notin \{F_n/F_{n+2}, n = 1, 2, \dots, \} \cup \{1\}$.

Theorem 7 Assume that $\{x_n, y_n\}$ are solutions of system (4). Then for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$\begin{aligned} x_{2n} &= \frac{(-1)^{n+1} x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 F_n - y_{-1} F_{n+2}}, & x_{2n-1} &= \frac{(-1)^{n+1} x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_n - y_0 F_{n+1}}, \\ y_{2n} &= \frac{(-1)^n y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{n-1} - y_0 F_n}, & y_{2n-1} &= \frac{(-1)^{n+1} y_{-1} x_0}{x_0 F_{n-2} - y_{-1} F_n}, \quad \text{where } F_{-2} = -1. \end{aligned}$$

Example 4 Consider the difference system equation (4) with the initial conditions $x_{-1} = 0.5$, $x_0 = 0.13$, $y_{-1} = 0.7$ and $y_0 = -0.3$. (See Fig. 4).

Theorem 8 Suppose that $\{x_n, y_n\}$ are solutions of the following difference equations system

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n - y_{n-1}},$$

where $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ and the initial conditions are arbitrary nonzero real

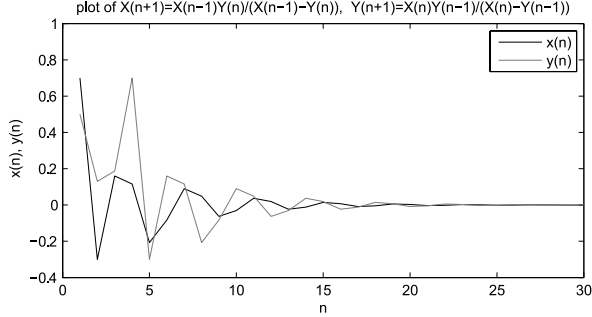


Figure 4. This figure shows the solution of the difference equations system (4) with the initial values as given in example (4).

numbers with $y_{-1}/x_0 \notin \{-(F_{n+1}/F_n), n = 1, 2, \dots\}$ and $x_{-1}/y_0 \notin \{-(F_n/F_{n+2}), n = 1, 2, \dots\} \cup \{-1\}$. Then for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$x_{2n} = \frac{(-1)^n x_0 y_{-1}}{x_0 F_n + y_{-1} F_{n-1}}, \quad x_{2n-1} = \frac{(-1)^{n+1} x_{-1} y_0}{x_{-1} F_n + y_0 F_{n-2}},$$

$$y_{2n} = \frac{(-1)^n y_0 x_{-1}}{x_{-1} F_{n+2} + y_0 F_n}, \quad y_{2n-1} = \frac{(-1)^n y_{-1} x_0}{x_0 F_{n+1} + y_{-1} F_n}.$$

Remark 1 The solutions of the following systems can be also obtained.

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n + y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n - y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n + y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} + y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n - y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n + y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{x_n - y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1} y_n}{-x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n + y_{n-1}},$$

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1}y_n}{-x_{n-1} - y_n}, \quad y_{n+1} = \frac{x_n y_{n-1}}{-x_n - y_{n-1}}.$$

References

- [1] Alghamdi M., Elsayed E. M. and Eldessoky M. M., *On the solutions of some systems of second order rational difference equations*. Life Sci J. **10**(3) (2013), 344–351.
- [2] Cinar C., *On the positive solutions of the difference equation system $x_{n+1} = 1/y_n$, $y_{n+1} = y_n/x_{n-1}y_{n-1}$* . Appl. Math. Comp. **158** (2004), 303–305.
- [3] Elabbasy E. M., El-Metwally H. and Elsayed E. M., *On the solutions of a class of difference equations systems*. Demonstratio Mathematica **41**(1) (2008), 109–122.
- [4] Elabbasy E. M., El-Metwally H. and Elsayed E. M., *Global behavior of the solutions of difference equation*. Advances in Difference Equations **2011** (2011), 28, doi:10.1186/1687-1847-2011-28.
- [5] Eldessoky M. M., Elsayed E. M. and Alzahrani E. O., *On some system of three nonlinear difference equations*. Life Sci. J. **10**(3) (2013), 647–657.
- [6] Elsayed E. M., *Behavior and expression of the solutions of some rational difference equations*. J. Comp. Anal. Appl. **15**(1) (2013), 73–81.
- [7] Elsayed E. M., *On the solutions of a rational system of difference equations*. Fasciculi Mathematici **45** (2010), 25–36.
- [8] Elsayed E. M., *On the solutions of higher order rational system of recursive sequences*. Mathematica Balkanica **21**(3–4) (2008), 287–296.
- [9] Elsayed E. M., *Solutions of rational difference system of order two*. Math. Comput. Mod. **55** (2012), 378–384.
- [10] Elsayed E. M., *Solution and attractivity for a rational recursive sequence*. Discrete Dynamics in Nature and Society **2011** (2011), Article ID 982309, 17 pages.
- [11] Elsayed E. M. and El-Metwally H. A., *On the solutions of some nonlinear systems of difference equations*. Advances in Difference Equations **2013** (2013), 16, doi:10.1186/1687-1847-2013-161.
- [12] Elsayed E. M., Mansour M. and El-Dessoky M. M., *Solutions of fractional systems of difference equations*. Ars Combinatoria **110** (2013), 469–479.
- [13] Elsayed E. M., El-Dessoky M. M. and Alotaibi A., *On the solutions of a general system of difference equations*. Discrete Dynamics in Nature and Society **2012** (2012), Article ID 892571, 12 pages.
- [14] Erdoğan M. E., Cinar C. and Yalçınkaya I., *On the dynamics of the recursive sequence*. Computers & Mathematics with Applications **61** (2011), 533–537.

- [15] Grove E. A. and Ladas G., *Periodicities in Nonlinear Difference Equations*. Chapman & Hall/CRC Press, 2005.
- [16] Gu Y. and Ding R., *Observable state space realizations for multivariable systems*. Computers & Mathematics with Applications **63**(9) (2012), 1389–1399.
- [17] Keying L., Zhongjian Z., Xiaorui L. and Peng L., *More on three-dimensional systems of rational difference equations*. Discrete Dynamics in Nature and Society **2011** (2011), Article ID 178483, 9 pages.
- [18] Kurbanli A. S., *On the behavior of solutions of the system of rational difference equations $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}/(x_{n-1}y_n - 1)$, $y_{n+1} = y_{n-1}/(y_{n-1}x_n - 1)$* . World Applied Sciences Journal **10**(11) (2010), 1344–1350.
- [19] Kurbanli A. S., *On the behavior of solutions of the system of rational difference equations: $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}/(x_{n-1}y_n - 1)$, $y_{n+1} = y_{n-1}/(y_{n-1}x_n - 1)$, $z_{n+1} = z_{n-1}/(z_{n-1}y_n - 1)$* . Discrete Dynamics in Nature and Society **2011** (2011), Article ID 932362, 12 pages.
- [20] Kurbanli A. S., *On the behavior of solutions of the system of rational difference equations $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}/(x_{n-1}y_n - 1)$, $y_{n+1} = y_{n-1}/(y_{n-1}x_n - 1)$, $z_{n+1} = 1/y_n z_n$* . Advances in Difference Equations **2011** (2011), 40, doi:10.1186/1687-1847-2011-40.
- [21] Kurbanli A. S., Cinar C. and Erdoğan M., *On the behavior of solutions of the system of rational difference equations $x_{n+1} = x_{n-1}/(x_{n-1}y_n - 1)$, $y_{n+1} = y_{n-1}/(y_{n-1}x_n - 1)$, $z_{n+1} = x_n/(z_{n-1}y_n)$* . Applied Mathematics **2** (2011), 1031–1038.
- [22] Kurbanli A. S., Cinar C. and Simsek D., *On the periodicity of solutions of the system of rational difference equations $x_{n+1} = (x_{n-1} + y_n)/(x_{n-1}y_n - 1)$, $y_{n+1} = (y_{n-1} + x_n)/(y_{n-1}x_n - 1)$* . Applied Mathematics **2** (2011), 410–413.
- [23] Kurbanli A. S., Cinar C. and Yalçinkaya I., *On the behavior of positive solutions of the system of rational difference equations*. Mathematical and Computer Modelling **53** (2011), 1261–1267.
- [24] Mansour M., El-Dessoky M. M. and Elsayed E. M., *On the solution of rational systems of difference equations*. J. Comp. Anal. Appl., **15**(5) (2013), 967–976.
- [25] Özban A. Y., *On the positive solutions of the system of rational difference equations $x_{n+1} = 1/y_{n-k}$, $y_{n+1} = y_n/x_{n-m}y_{n-m-k}$* . J. Math. Anal. Appl. **323** (2006), 26–32.
- [26] Özban A. Y., *On the system of rational difference equations $x_{n+1} = a/y_{n-3}$, $y_{n+1} = by_{n-3}/x_{n-q}y_{n-q}$* . Appl. Math. Comp. **188**(1) (2007), 833–837.
- [27] Stevic S., *On a system of difference equations*. Appl. Math. Comp. **218**(7) (2011), 3372–3378.

- [28] Touafek N. and Elsayed E. M., *On the periodicity of some systems of nonlinear difference equations*. Bull. Math. Soc. Sci. Math. Roumanie **55**(103)(2) (2012), 217–224.
- [29] Touafek N. and Elsayed E. M., *On the solutions of systems of rational difference equations*. Math. Comput. Mod. **55**(2012), 1987–1997.
- [30] Yalçınkaya I., *On the global asymptotic stability of a second-order system of difference equations*. Discrete Dynamics in Nature and Society **2008**(2008), Article ID 860152, 12 pages.
- [31] Yalçınkaya I., *On the global asymptotic behavior of a system of two nonlinear difference equations*. ARS Combinatoria **95** (2010), 151–159.
- [32] Yalçınkaya I., Cinar C. and Atalay M., *On the solutions of systems of difference equations*. Advances in Difference Equations **2008** (2008), Article ID 143943, 9 pages.
- [33] Yalçınkaya I., Cinar C. and Simsek D., *Global asymptotic stability of a system of difference equations*. Applicable Analysis **87**(6) (2008), 689–699.
- [34] Yang X., *On the system of rational difference equations $x_n = A + y_{n-1}/x_{n-p}y_{n-q}$, $y_n = A + x_{n-1}/x_{n-r}y_{n-s}$* . J. Math. Anal. Appl. **307** (2005), 305–311.
- [35] Yang X., Liu Y. and Bai S., *On the system of high order rational difference equations $x_n = a/y_{n-p}$, $y_n = by_{n-p}/x_{n-q}y_{n-q}$* . Appl. Math. Comp. **171**(2) (2005), 853–856.
- [36] Zayed E. M. E. and El-Moneam M. A., *On the rational recursive sequence $x_{n+1} = ax_n - bx_n/(cx_n - dx_{n-k})$* . Comm. Appl. Nonlinear Analysis **15** (2008), 47–57.
- [37] Zhang Y., Yang X., Megson G. M. and Evans D. J., *On the system of rational difference equations*. Appl. Math. Comp. **176** (2006), 403–408.

N. TOUAFEK
LMAM Laboratory
Mathematics Department
Jijel University
Jijel 18000, Algeria
E-mail: touafek@univ-jijel.dz

E. M. ELSAYED
King AbdulAziz University
Faculty of Science
Mathematics Department
P. O. Box 80203
Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia
and
Department of Mathematics
Faculty of Science
Mansoura University
Mansoura 35516, Egypt
E-mail: emelsayed@mans.edu.eg
emmelsayed@yahoo.com