

ESSENTIAL NORM OF GENERALIZED WEIGHTED COMPOSITION OPERATORS FROM H^∞ TO THE LOGARITHMIC BLOCH SPACE

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ABSTRACT. In this paper, we give some estimates of the essential norm for generalized weighted composition operators from H^∞ to the logarithmic Bloch space. Moreover, we give a new characterization for the boundedness, compactness and essential norm of the generalized weighted composition operator from H^∞ to the logarithmic Bloch space.

1. Introduction. Let X, Y be Banach spaces and $\|\cdot\|_{X \rightarrow Y}$ denote the operator norm. The essential norm of a bounded linear operator $T : X \rightarrow Y$ is its distance to the set of compact operators K mapping X into Y , that is,

$$\|T\|_{e, X \rightarrow Y} = \inf\{\|T - K\|_{X \rightarrow Y} : K \text{ is compact}\}.$$

Let \mathbb{D} be the open unit disk in the complex plane \mathbb{C} and $H(\mathbb{D})$ the space of analytic functions on \mathbb{D} . Let $H^\infty = H^\infty(\mathbb{D})$ denote the space of bounded analytic functions on \mathbb{D} with the norm $\|f\|_\infty = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} |f(z)|$. We say that an $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$ belongs to the logarithmic Bloch space, denoted by \mathcal{LB} , if

$$\|f\|_{\log} = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |f'(z)| < \infty.$$

It is easy to see that \mathcal{LB} is a Banach space with the norm $\|f\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = |f(0)| + \|f\|_{\log}$. For some related spaces and operators on them, see, for example, [16, 17, 19, 22]. From [30], we see that $\mathcal{LB} \cap H^\infty$ is the

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space of multipliers of the Bloch space \mathcal{B} . Here,

$$\mathcal{B} = \{f \in H(\mathbb{D}) : \|f\|_{\mathcal{B}} = |f(0)| + \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} |f'(z)|(1 - |z|^2) < \infty\}.$$

A weight $v : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ is called *radial* if $v(z) = v(|z|)$ for all $z \in \mathbb{D}$. Assume that v is radial; we say that an $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$ belongs to the weighted type space, denoted by H_v^∞ , if

$$\|f\|_v = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} v(z)|f(z)| < \infty.$$

H_v^∞ is a Banach space with the above norm. The associated weight \tilde{v} of v is defined by

$$\tilde{v}(z) = \frac{1}{\sup\{|f(z)| : f \in H_v^\infty, \|f\|_v \leq 1\}}, \quad z \in \mathbb{D}.$$

It is easy to check that $\tilde{v}_\alpha(z) = v_\alpha(z)$ when $v = v_\alpha(z) = (1 - |z|^2)^\alpha$ ($0 < \alpha < \infty$), see e.g., [14]. When $v = v_\alpha(z)$, we will denote H_v^∞ by $H_{v_\alpha}^\infty$. When $v = (1 - |z|^2) \log e / (1 - |z|^2)$, we will denote H_v^∞ and $\|f\|_v$ by $H_{v_{\log}}^\infty$ and $\|f\|_{\log}$, respectively.

Let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} and $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$. The *weighted composition operator*, denoted by uC_φ , is defined by

$$(uC_\varphi f)(z) = u(z) \cdot f(\varphi(z)), \quad f \in H(\mathbb{D}).$$

When $u = 1$, we get the composition operator, denoted by C_φ . See [2] for the theory of composition operators.

Let \mathbb{N}_0 denote the set of all nonnegative integers. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$. The generalized weighted composition operator, denoted by $D_{\varphi,u}^n$, is defined as follows.

$$(D_{\varphi,u}^n f)(z) = u(z) \cdot f^{(n)}(\varphi(z)), \quad f \in H(\mathbb{D}), \quad z \in \mathbb{D}.$$

This operator was introduced by Zhu [31]. When $n = 0$, $D_{\varphi,u}^n = uC_\varphi$. When $n = 1$ and $u(z) = \varphi'(z)$, then $D_{\varphi,u}^n = DC_\varphi$, which was studied in [3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 18, 20]. When $u(z) = 1$, then $D_{\varphi,u}^n = C_\varphi D^n$, which was studied in [26]. See, for example, [6, 21, 23, 24, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34] for the study of generalized weighted composition operators on various function spaces.

The compactness of $C_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ was studied by many authors, see [12, 25, 27, 29]. In [27], Wulan, Zheng and Zhu proved that $C_\varphi : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$

is compact if and only if

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^j\|_{\mathcal{B}} = \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|C_\varphi I^j\|_{\mathcal{B}} = 0,$$

where $I^j(z) = z^j$. In [29], Zhao extended the result in [27] to the case of Bloch type spaces and showed that

$$\|C_\varphi\|_{e, \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}} = \frac{e}{2} \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^j\|_{\mathcal{B}} = \frac{e}{2} \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|C_\varphi I^j\|_{\mathcal{B}}.$$

In [26], Wu and Wulan proved that $C_\varphi D^n : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ is compact if and only if

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|C_\varphi D^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{B}} = 0.$$

The boundedness, compactness and essential norm of composition operator and its generalizations on \mathcal{B} were studied, for example, in [5, 11, 12, 13, 15, 25, 26, 27, 29, 33, 35].

In [1], the authors studied the boundedness and compactness of the operator $uC_\varphi : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$. In [34], Zhu studied the operator $D_{\varphi, u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$. Among others, she obtained the following result.

Theorem A. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$, $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$, and let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} such that $D_{\varphi, u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded. Then, the following statements are equivalent.*

- (a) $D_{\varphi, u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is compact.
- (b) $\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0$.
- (c) $\lim_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n f_{\varphi(a)}\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0$ and $\lim_{|\varphi(a)| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n h_{\varphi(a)}\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0$, where

$$f_a(z) = \frac{1 - |a|^2}{1 - \bar{a}z} \quad \text{and} \quad h_a(z) = \frac{(1 - |a|^2)^2}{(1 - \bar{a}z)^2}, \quad a, z \in \mathbb{D}.$$

(d)

$$\lim_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log(e/1 - |z|^2) |u(z)| |\varphi'(z)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^{n+1}} = 0$$

and

$$\lim_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log(e/1 - |z|^2) |u'(z)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^n} = 0.$$

Motivated by Theorem A, the purpose of this paper is to give some estimates of the essential norm for the operator $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$. Moreover, we give a new characterization for the boundedness, compactness and essential norm of $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$.

Throughout this paper, we say that $P \lesssim Q$ if there exists a constant C such that $P \leq CQ$. The symbol $P \approx Q$ means that $P \lesssim Q \lesssim P$.

2. Essential norm of $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$. In this section, we give some estimates for the essential norm of the operator $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$. For this purpose, we need the following lemma.

Lemma 2.1 ([25, Lemma 3.3]). *Let $X, Y \subset H(\mathbb{D})$ be two Banach spaces, and let $T : X \rightarrow Y$ be a linear operator. Assume that the following conditions are satisfied:*

- (i) *the point evaluation functionals on Y are bounded;*
- (ii) *for every bounded sequence in X , there is a subsequence which converges uniformly on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} to an element of X ;*
- (iii) *if a sequence $\{f_j\}$ in X uniformly converges on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} to zero, then $\{Tf_j\}$ converges uniformly on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} to zero.*

Then, $T : X \rightarrow Y$ is a compact operator if and only if $\{Tf_j\}$ converges to zero in the norm of Y for each bounded sequence $\{f_j\}$ in X such that $f_j \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} .

Theorem 2.2. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$, $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$, and let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} such that $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded. Then,*

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \approx \max\{A, B\} \approx \max\{E, F\} \approx \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}},$$

where

$$A := \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}}, \quad B := \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n h_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}},$$

$$E := \limsup_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log(e/1 - |z|^2) |u(z)| |\varphi'(z)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^{n+1}},$$

$$F := \limsup_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log(e/1 - |z|^2) |u'(z)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^n}.$$

Proof of Theorem 2.2. First, we prove that

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{A, B\} \quad \text{and} \quad \|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{E, F\}.$$

Let $\rho \in [0, 1)$. Define $K_\rho : H(\mathbb{D}) \rightarrow H(\mathbb{D})$ by $(K_\rho f)(z) = f_\rho(z) = f(\rho z)$, $f \in H(\mathbb{D})$. It is clear that K_ρ is compact on H^∞ and $\|K_\rho\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow H^\infty} \leq 1$ and $f_\rho \rightarrow f$ uniformly on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} as $\rho \rightarrow 1$. Let $\{\rho_j\} \subset (0, 1)$ be a sequence such that $\rho_j \rightarrow 1$ as $j \rightarrow \infty$. Then, for all positive integers j , the operator $D_{\varphi,u}^n K_{\rho_j} : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is compact. Hence,

$$(2.1) \quad \|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \leq \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - D_{\varphi,u}^n K_{\rho_j}\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}}.$$

Therefore, we only need prove that

$$\limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - D_{\varphi,u}^n K_{\rho_j}\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{A, B\}$$

and

$$\limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - D_{\varphi,u}^n K_{\rho_j}\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{E, F\}.$$

Let $f \in H^\infty$ be such that $\|f\|_\infty \leq 1$. Then,

$$(2.2) \quad \begin{aligned} & \|(D_{\varphi,u}^n - D_{\varphi,u}^n K_{\rho_j})f\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\ &= |u(0)f^{(n)}(\varphi(0)) - \rho_j^n u(0)f^{(n)}(\rho_j \varphi(0))| + \|u \cdot (f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)} \circ \varphi\|_{\log}. \end{aligned}$$

It is obvious that

$$(2.3) \quad \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} |u(0)f^{(n)}(\varphi(0)) - \rho_j^n u(0)f^{(n)}(\rho_j \varphi(0))| = 0.$$

In addition,

(2.4)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|u \cdot (f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)} \circ \varphi\|_{\log} \\
& \leq \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| \leq \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} \\
& \quad \times |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z))| |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)| \\
& \quad + \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} \\
& \quad \times |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z))| |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)| \\
& \quad + \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| \leq \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} \\
& \quad \times |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)}(\varphi(z))| |u'(z)| \\
& \quad + \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)}(\varphi(z))| |u'(z)| \\
& = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + R_4,
\end{aligned}$$

where $N \in \mathbb{N}$ is large enough such that $\rho_j \geq 1/2$ for all $j \geq N$,

$$\begin{aligned}
(2.5) \quad R_1 := & \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| \leq \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} \\
& |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z))| |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)|,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(2.6) \quad R_2 := & \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} \\
& |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z))| |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)|,
\end{aligned}$$

$$R_3 := \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| \leq \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)}(\varphi(z))| |u'(z)|,$$

and

$$R_4 := \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)}(\varphi(z))| |u'(z)|.$$

Since $D_{\varphi, u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded, by taking the test functions z^n and

z^{n+1} , see [34], we obtain that $u \in \mathcal{LB}$ and

$$M := \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)| < \infty.$$

Since $\rho_j^{n+1} f_{\rho_j}^{(n+1)} \rightarrow f^{(n+1)}$ uniformly on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} as $j \rightarrow \infty$, we get

$$(2.7) \quad R_1 \leq M \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|w| \leq \rho_N} |f^{(n+1)}(w) - \rho_j^{n+1} f^{(n+1)}(\rho_j w)| = 0.$$

Similarly, from the fact that $u \in \mathcal{LB}$, we obtain

$$(2.8) \quad R_3 \leq \|u\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{|w| \leq \rho_N} |f^{(n)}(w) - \rho_j^n f^{(n)}(\rho_j w)| = 0.$$

Since $\|f\|_\infty \leq 1$, we get

(2.9)

$$\begin{aligned} & \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z))| |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)| \\ & \lesssim \frac{\|f\|_\infty}{n! \rho_N^{n+1}} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)| \frac{n! |\varphi(z)|^{n+1}}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^{n+1}} \\ & \lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |\varphi'(z)| |u(z)| \frac{n! |\varphi(z)|^{n+1}}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^{n+1}} \\ & \lesssim \sup_{|a| > \rho_N} \left\| D_{\varphi, u}^n \left(f_a - \frac{1}{n+1} h_a \right) \right\|_{\log} \\ & \lesssim \sup_{|a| > \rho_N} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} + \sup_{|a| > \rho_N} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n h_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}}. \end{aligned}$$

Letting $N \rightarrow \infty$, we obtain

$$(2.10) \quad R_2 \lesssim A + B \lesssim \max\{A, B\}.$$

From (2.9), we see that

$$(2.11) \quad R_2 \lesssim E.$$

After a calculation, we have

(2.12)

$$\sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |(f - f_{\rho_j})^{(n)}(\varphi(z))| |u'(z)|$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |u'(z)| \times \frac{\|f\|_\infty}{n+2} \frac{n! |\varphi(z)|^n}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^n} \\
&\lesssim \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > \rho_N} (1 - |z|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z|^2} |u'(z)| \times \frac{1}{n+2} \frac{n! |\varphi(z)|^n}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^n} \\
&\lesssim \sup_{|a| > \rho_N} \left\| D_{\varphi, u}^n \left(f_a - \frac{1}{n+2} h_a \right) \right\|_{\log} \\
&\lesssim \sup_{|a| > \rho_N} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} + \sup_{|a| > \rho_N} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n h_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.
\end{aligned}$$

Letting $N \rightarrow \infty$, we get

$$(2.13) \quad R_4 \lesssim A + B \lesssim \max\{A, B\}.$$

From (2.12),

$$(2.14) \quad R_4 \lesssim F.$$

Thus, by (2.2)–(2.8), (2.10) and (2.13), we get

$$\begin{aligned}
(2.15) \quad &\limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n - D_{\varphi, u}^n K_{\rho_j}\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \\
&= \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{\|f\|_\infty \leq 1} \|(D_{\varphi, u}^n - D_{\varphi, u}^n K_{\rho_j})f\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\
&= \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{\|f\|_\infty \leq 1} \|u \cdot (f - f_{\rho_j})^{(m)} \circ \varphi\|_{\log} \lesssim \max\{A, B\}.
\end{aligned}$$

From (2.2)–(2.8), (2.11) and (2.14), we obtain

$$(2.16) \quad \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi, u}^n - D_{\varphi, u}^n K_{\rho_j}\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{E, F\}.$$

Therefore, by (2.1), (2.15) and (2.16), we obtain

$$\|D_{\varphi, u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{A, B\} \quad \text{and} \quad \|D_{\varphi, u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \max\{E, F\}.$$

Now, we prove that

$$\|D_{\varphi, u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim \max\{A, B\} \quad \text{and} \quad \|D_{\varphi, u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim \max\{E, F\}.$$

Let $a \in \mathbb{D}$. It is easy to see that $f_a, h_a \in H^\infty$ and $\|f_a\|_\infty \lesssim 1, \|g_a\|_\infty \lesssim 1$ for all $a \in \mathbb{D}$ and f_a, g_a uniformly converge to 0 on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} as $|a| \rightarrow 1$. Thus, for any compact operator $K : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$, from Lemma 2.1, we obtain $\lim_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|K f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0$ and $\lim_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|K h_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0$.

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - K\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \\
 & \gtrsim \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|(D_{\varphi,u}^n - K)f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\
 & \geq \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} - \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|K f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = A,
 \end{aligned}$$

and similarly, $\|D_{\varphi,u}^n - K\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim B$. Therefore,

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} = \inf_K \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - K\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim \max\{A, B\}.$$

Let $\{z_j\}_{j \in \mathbb{N}}$ be a sequence in \mathbb{D} such that $|\varphi(z_j)| \rightarrow 1$ as $j \rightarrow \infty$. Set

$$p_j(z) = \frac{1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2}{(1 - \overline{\varphi(z_j)}z)} - \frac{1}{1+n} \frac{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^2}{(1 - \overline{\varphi(z_j)}z)^2}$$

and

$$q_j(z) = \frac{1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2}{(1 - \overline{\varphi(z_j)}z)} - \frac{1}{n+2} \frac{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^2}{(1 - \overline{\varphi(z_j)}z)^2}.$$

Also, p_j and q_j belong to H^∞ and uniformly converge to 0 on compact subsets in \mathbb{D} . Moreover,

$$p_j^{(n)}(\varphi(z_j)) = 0, \quad |p_j^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z_j))| = n! \frac{|\varphi(z_j)|^{n+1}}{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^{n+1}}$$

and

$$|q_j^{(n)}(\varphi(z_j))| = \frac{n!}{n+2} \frac{|\varphi(z_j)|^n}{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^n}, \quad q_j^{(n+1)}(\varphi(z_j)) = 0.$$

Thus, for any compact operator $T : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - T\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \\
 & \gtrsim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n(p_j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} - \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|T(p_j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\
 & \gtrsim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1 - |z_j|^2) \log \frac{e}{1 - |z_j|^2} |u(z_j)| |\varphi'(z_j)| |\varphi(z_j)|^{n+1}}{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^{n+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - T\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} &\gtrsim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n(q_j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} - \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|T(q_j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\ &\gtrsim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1 - |z_j|^2) \log e/1 - |z_j|^2 |u'(z_j)| |\varphi(z_j)|^n}{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^n}. \end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} &= \inf_T \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - T\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \\ &\gtrsim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1 - |z_j|^2) \log e/1 - |z_j|^2 |u(z_j)| |\varphi'(z_j)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^{n+1}} = E \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1 - |z_j|^2) \log e/1 - |z_j|^2 |u'(z_j)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z_j)|^2)^n} = F.$$

Therefore, $\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim \max\{E, F\}$.

Finally, we prove that

$$(2.17) \quad \|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \approx \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.$$

For $a \in \mathbb{D}$,

$$f_a(z) = (1 - |a|^2) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \bar{a}^k z^k, \quad h_a(z) = (1 - |a|^2)^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(k+2)}{k! \Gamma(2)} \bar{a}^k z^k.$$

Since $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded, we see from [34] that

$$\sup_{1 \leq j < \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}} < \infty.$$

For any positive integer $j \geq n$,

$$\begin{aligned} &\|D_{\varphi,u}^n f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\ &\leq (1 - |a|^2) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} |a|^k \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^k\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\ &\lesssim (1 - |a|^2) \sum_{k=0}^{j-1} |a|^k \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^k\|_{\mathcal{LB}} + (1 - |a|^2) \sum_{k=j}^{\infty} |a|^k \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^k\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\ &\lesssim j(1 - |a|^2) \sup_{0 \leq k \leq j-1} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^k\|_{\mathcal{LB}} + \sup_{k \geq j} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^k\|_{\mathcal{LB}}. \end{aligned}$$

By letting $|a| \rightarrow 1$ in the last estimate for a fixed j , and then letting $j \rightarrow \infty$ in such obtained inequality, we obtain

$$\limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.$$

Similarly,

$$\limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n h_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \lesssim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.$$

Therefore,

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \approx \max\{A, B\} \lesssim \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.$$

On the other hand, for each $j \in \mathbb{N}_0$, $I^j \in H^\infty$ with $\|I^j\|_\infty = 1$, and the sequence $\{I^j\}$ converges to zero uniformly on compact subsets of \mathbb{D} . Hence for any compact operator $K : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$, by Lemma 2.1, we have $\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|K I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0$. Hence,

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n - K\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \geq \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|(D_{\varphi,u}^n - K)I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \geq \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.$$

Therefore,

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} = \inf_K \|D_{\varphi,u}^n - K\|_{H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \geq \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n I^j\|_{\mathcal{LB}}.$$

This completes the proof of Theorem 2.2. □

By Theorem 2.2, we immediately get the following result.

Corollary 2.3. *Let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} such that $C_\varphi : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded. Then:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \|C_\varphi\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \\ & \approx \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|C_\varphi f_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \approx \limsup_{|a| \rightarrow 1} \|C_\varphi h_a\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \\ & \approx \limsup_{|\varphi(z)| \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log e / 1 - |z|^2 |\varphi'(z)|}{1 - |\varphi(z)|^2} \approx \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|\varphi^n\|_{\mathcal{LB}}. \end{aligned}$$

3. A new characterization of boundedness and compactness of $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$. In this section, we also give a new characterization for the boundedness, compactness and essential norm of the operator

$D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ by using the above two integral operators. For this purpose, we need the following lemmas.

Lemma 3.1 ([5]). *For $\alpha > 0$, we have $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} k^\alpha \|z^{k-1}\|_{v_\alpha} = (2\alpha/e)^\alpha$.*

Lemma 3.2 ([14]). *Let v and w be radial, non-increasing weights tending to zero at the boundary of \mathbb{D} . Then, the following statements hold.*

(a) *The weighted composition operator $uC_\varphi : H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty$ is bounded if and only if $\sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} w(z)/(\tilde{v}(\varphi(z)))|u(z)| < \infty$. Moreover, the following holds:*

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty} = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} \frac{w(z)}{\tilde{v}(\varphi(z))} |u(z)|.$$

(b) *Suppose that $uC_\varphi : H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty$ is bounded. Then*

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 1^-} \sup_{|\varphi(z)| > s} \frac{w(z)}{\tilde{v}(\varphi(z))} |u(z)|.$$

Lemma 3.3 ([4]). *Let v and w be radial, non-increasing weights tending to zero at the boundary of \mathbb{D} . Then, the following statements hold.*

(a) *$uC_\varphi : H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty$ is bounded if and only if*

$$\sup_{k \geq 0} \frac{\|u\varphi^k\|_w}{\|z^k\|_v} < \infty,$$

with the norm comparable to the above supremum.

(b) *Suppose that $uC_\varphi : H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty$ is bounded. Then*

$$\|uC_\varphi\|_{e, H_v^\infty \rightarrow H_w^\infty} = \limsup_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|u\varphi^k\|_w}{\|z^k\|_v}.$$

Theorem 3.4. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$, $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$, and let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} . Then, $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded if and only if*

$$(3.1) \quad \sup_{j \geq 1} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} < \infty \quad \text{and} \quad \sup_{j \geq 1} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} < \infty.$$

Here

$$I_u g(z) = \int_0^z g'(\xi)u(\xi) d\xi, \quad J_u g(z) = \int_0^z g(\xi)u'(\xi) d\xi, \quad g \in H(\mathbb{D}).$$

Proof. By [34, Theorem 1], $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded if and only if

$$(3.2) \quad \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log e / 1 - |z|^2 |u(z)| |\varphi'(z)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^{n+1}} < \infty$$

and

$$(3.3) \quad \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} \frac{(1 - |z|^2) \log e / 1 - |z|^2 |u'(z)|}{(1 - |\varphi(z)|^2)^n} < \infty.$$

By Lemma 3.2, we see that the inequality in (3.2) is equivalent to $u\varphi'C_\varphi : H_{v_{n+1}}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty$ being bounded. Hence, by Lemmas 3.1 and 3.3, we get

$$\sup_{j \geq 1} j^{1+n} \|u\varphi'\varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} \approx \sup_{j \geq 1} \frac{\|u\varphi'\varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{\|z^{j-1}\|_{v_{n+1}}} < \infty.$$

Also, the inequality in (3.3) is equivalent to $u'C_\varphi : H_{v_n}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty$ being bounded. By Lemmas 3.1 and 3.3, we obtain

$$\sup_{j \geq 1} j^n \|u'\varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} \approx \sup_{j \geq 1} \frac{\|u'\varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{\|z^{j-1}\|_{v_n}} < \infty.$$

It is clear that $I_u g(0) = 0$, $J_u g(0) = 0$, and

$$(I_u(\varphi^j)(z))' = ju(z)\varphi'(z)\varphi^{j-1}(z), \quad (J_u(\varphi^{j-1})(z))' = u'(z)\varphi^{j-1}(z).$$

Hence, $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded if and only if

$$\sup_{j \geq 1} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = \sup_{j \geq 1} j^{n+1} \|u\varphi'\varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} < \infty$$

and

$$\sup_{j \geq 1} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = \sup_{j \geq 1} j^n \|u'\varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} < \infty.$$

The proof is complete. □

Theorem 3.5. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$, $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$, and let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} such that $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded. Then:*

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e, H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \approx \max \left\{ \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}}, \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \right\}.$$

Proof. The lower estimate. From Theorem 2.2 and Lemmas 3.1 and 3.2, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} &\gtrsim E = \|u\varphi' C_\varphi\|_{e,H_{v_{n+1}}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|u\varphi' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{\|z^{j-1}\|_{v_{n+1}}} \\ &\approx \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^{n+1} \|u\varphi' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}}, \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} &\gtrsim F = \|u' C_\varphi\|_{e,H_{v_n}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|u' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{\|z^{j-1}\|_{v_n}} \\ &\approx \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|u' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}}. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, by the proof of Theorem 3.4, we obtain

$$\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \gtrsim \max \left\{ \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}}, \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \right\}.$$

Proof. The upper estimate. By Lemmas 3.1 and 3.3, we get

$$\begin{aligned} &\|u\varphi' C_\varphi\|_{e,H_{v_{n+1}}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty} \\ &= \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|u\varphi' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{\|z^{j-1}\|_{v_{n+1}}} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{j^{n+1} \|u\varphi' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{j^{n+1} \|z^{j-1}\|_{v_{n+1}}} \\ &\approx \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^{n+1} \|u\varphi' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \|u' C_\varphi\|_{e,H_{v_n}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty} &= \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|u' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{\|z^{j-1}\|_{v_n}} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \frac{j^n \|u' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}}}{j^n \|z^{j-1}\|_{v_n}} \\ &\approx \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|u' \varphi^{j-1}\|_{v_{\log}} = \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}}. \end{aligned}$$

Using the estimates and the proof of Theorem 3.4, we have

$$\begin{aligned} &\|D_{\varphi,u}^n\|_{e,H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}} \\ &\lesssim \|u\varphi' C_\varphi\|_{e,H_{v_{1+n}}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty} + \|u' C_\varphi\|_{e,H_{v_n}^\infty \rightarrow H_{v_{\log}}^\infty} \\ &\lesssim \max \left\{ \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}}, \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

This completes the proof. \square

From Theorem 3.5, we immediately get the following result.

Theorem 3.6. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$, $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$, and let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} such that $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded. Then, $D_{\varphi,u}^n : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is compact if and only if*

$$\limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} j^n \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0.$$

From Theorems 3.4 and 3.5, we immediately obtain a new characterization for the boundedness and compactness for the operator $uC_\varphi : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$.

Corollary 3.7. *Let $u \in H(\mathbb{D})$, and let φ be an analytic self-map of \mathbb{D} . Then, the following statements hold.*

(i) $uC_\varphi : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded if and only if

$$\sup_{j \geq 1} \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} < \infty \quad \text{and} \quad \sup_{j \geq 1} \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} < \infty.$$

(ii) $uC_\varphi : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is compact if and only if $uC_\varphi : H^\infty \rightarrow \mathcal{LB}$ is bounded and

$$\limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|I_u(\varphi^j)\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \limsup_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|J_u(\varphi^{j-1})\|_{\mathcal{LB}} = 0.$$

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