## **Books Received**

Books marked with an asterisk (\*) are still available for review.

- R. ADAMSON and H. JEVONS (editors), Pure Logic and Other Minor Works. W. Stanley Jevons (Bristol, Thoemmes Press, 1991)
- A.R. ANDERSON, N.D. BELNAP, Jr., and J.M. DUNN, Entailment. The Logic of Relevance and Necessity, vol. II (Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1992)
- \*Irving H. Anellis, Van Heijenoort: Logic and Its History in the Work and Writings of Jean van Heijenoort (Ames, Modern Logic Publishing, 1994)
- Maria Carla GALAVOTTI (editor), Frank Plumptom Ramsey. Notes on Philosophy, Probability and Mathematics (Naples, Bibliopolis, 1991)
- \*Alexander George (editor), Mathematics and Mind (New York, Oxford University Press, 1994)
- \*Lewis E. Hahn (editor), *The Philosophy of A.J. Ayer* (La Salle, Open Court, 1992)
  - Christian J.W. KLOESEL (editor), et. al., Writings of Charles S. Peirce: A Chronological Edition, Volume 5: 1884 1886 (Indianapolis/Bloomington, Indiana University Press, 1993)
- \*Norman Macrae, John von Neumann (New York, Pantheon, 1992)
  Grzegorz Malinowski, Many-Valued Logics (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1993)
- \*Alberto Mura, La sfida scettica: Saggio su problema logico dell'induzione (Pisa, ETS Editice, 1992).
- \*N. SHANKAR (editor), Metamathematics, Machines, and Gödel's Proof (Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994)
- \*Alfred TARSKI (edited by Jan Tarski), Introduction to Logic and to the Methodology of the Deductive Sciences (New York/Oxford, Oxford University Press, 4th ed., 1994)

## BIBLIOGRAPHIC NOTES

Jarmo Pulkkinen, The Threat of Logical Mathematism: A Study on the Critique of Mathematical Logic in Germany at the Turn of the 20th Century (Frankfurt am Main/Berlin/Bern/New York/Paris, Vienna, Peter Lang GmbH, 1994). After a survey of German contributions to logic from 1830 to 1920 against the background of German academic philosophy, the author examines the reception of mathematical logic in Germany from 1880 to 1920 and the interrelations between logic and psychology, logic and linguistics, and logic and mathematics as viewed in German philosophy in this period. Particular attention is focused on the critiques of mathematical logic by Fritz Mauthner, Heinrich Rickert, and Theodor Ziehen.