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## REMARKS ON MULTIPLE SOLUTIONS FOR ASYMPTOTICALLY LINEAR ELLIPTIC BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS<sup>1</sup>

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Dedicated to Jean Leray

## 1. Introduction

It is known that the critical groups are useful in distinguishing critical points (cf. [5]). We shall present here a few examples from semilinear elliptic boundary value problems showing how they work in the study of multiple solutions. Let us consider the problem

(1.1) 
$$\begin{cases} -\Delta u = g(x, u), \\ u|_{\partial\Omega} = 0, \end{cases}$$

where  $\Omega$  is a smooth bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Let  $\lambda_j$  be the *j*-th eigenvalue of  $-\Delta$  with zero Dirichlet boundary data. We assume:

$$(\mathbf{g}_1) \ \ g \in C^1(\overline{\Omega} \times \mathbb{R}^1, \mathbb{R}^1), \quad g(x,0) = 0,$$

$$(g_2) \ g'(x,0) < \lambda_1 \ \forall x \in \overline{\Omega}$$

(g<sub>3</sub>) 
$$\lim_{|t|\to\infty} g(x,t)/t \stackrel{\Delta}{=} g_{\infty} > \lambda_2$$
.

 $g_{\infty}$  satisfies one of the following three conditions:

(i) 
$$g_{\infty} \notin \sigma(-\Delta)$$
, the spectrum of  $-\Delta$ .

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