

ON PARABOLIC QUASI-VARIATIONAL INEQUALITIES AND STATE-DEPENDENT SWEEPING PROCESSES

M. KUNZE — M. D. P. MONTEIRO MARQUES

1. Introduction

In this paper we consider the evolution problems

$$(1.1) \quad -u'(t) \in N_{C(t,u(t))}(u(t)) \quad \text{a.e. in } [0, T], \quad u(0) = u_0 \in C(0, u_0),$$

in a Hilbert space H . We assume that

$$(1.2) \quad C(t, u) \subset H \text{ is nonempty, closed, and convex for } t \in [0, T], \quad u \in H.$$

In (1.1), $N_{C(t,u)}(x)$ denotes the normal cone to $C(t, u)$ at $x \in C(t, u)$, cf. Section 2 below. We will treat the case of $(t, u) \mapsto C(t, u)$ being Lipschitz continuous w.r. to the Hausdorff distance d_H with constants $L_1, L_2 \geq 0$, i.e., we require

$$(1.3) \quad d_H(C(t, u), C(s, v)) \leq L_1|t - s| + L_2|u - v|, \quad t, s \in [0, T], \quad u, v \in H.$$

Note that a solution of (1.1) in particular has to satisfy $u(t) \in C(t, u(t))$ for $t \in [0, T]$.

1991 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 34A60, 35K22, 49J40.

Key words and phrases. variational inequality, sweeping process, evolution problem.

We are grateful to project PRAXIS/2/2.1/MAT/125/94 and the Volkswagen-Stiftung (RiP-program at Oberwolfach) for their support, as well as to F.C.T., PRAXIS XXI and FEDER, in what concerns the second author.