## SECOND ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WITH FULLY NONLINEAR TWO POINT BOUNDARY CONDITIONS II

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We establish existence results for two point boundary value problems for second order ordinary differential equations of the form y'' = f(x, y, y'),  $x \in [0, 1]$ , where f satisfies the Carathéodory measurability conditions and there exist lower and upper solutions. We consider boundary conditions of the form G((y(0), y(1)); (y'(0), y'(1))) = 0 for fully nonlinear, continuous G and of the form  $(y(i), y'(i)) \in \mathcal{J}(i)$ , i = 0, 1 for closed connected subsets  $\mathcal{J}(i)$  of the plane. We obtain analogues of our results for continuous f. In particular we introduce compatibility conditions between the lower and upper solutions and : (i) G; (ii) the  $\mathcal{J}(i)$ , i = 0, 1. Assuming these compatibility conditions hold and, in addition, f satisfies assumptions guarenteeing a'priori bounds on the derivatives of solutions we show that solutions exist. As an application we generalise some results of Palamides.

## 1. Introduction.

In this paper we consider two point boundary value problem for second order ordinary differential equations of the form

(1.1) 
$$y'' = f(x, y, y'), \text{ for almost all } x \in [0, 1]$$

where  $f : [0,1] \times \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  satisfies the Carathéodory conditions. By a solution of (1.1) we mean a function y with y' absolutely continuous and y satisfying (1.1) almost everywhere. The first class of boundary conditions we will consider are of the form

(1.2) 
$$0 = G((y(0), y(1)); (y'(0), y'(1))),$$

where  $G : \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  is continuous. We call boundary conditions of this form fully nonlinear boundary conditions. The second class of boundary conditions we will consider are of the form

(1.3) 
$$(y(i), y'(i)) \in \mathcal{J}(i) \text{ for } i = 0, 1,$$