## A NOTE ON ORTHOGONAL SYSTEMS

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1. Let  $\omega_n(x)$ ,  $n=1, 2, \dots, 0 \le x \le 1$ , be an orthonormal set of functions which are uniformly bounded,

$$|\omega_n(x)| \leq M \qquad (n=1, 2, \cdots, 0 \leq x \leq 1).$$

If  $\sum\limits_{1}^{\infty}|a_{n}|<\infty$ , and if  $\int\limits_{0}^{1}|g(x)|\,dx<\infty$  we may define

(2) 
$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \omega_n(x), \qquad b_n = \int_0^1 g(x) \overline{\omega_n(x)} dx.$$

The following inequalities were established by R. E. A. C. Paley [1]:

$$\left[\int_{0}^{1}|f(x)|^{q}dx\right]^{1/q} \leq A'_{1}(q)\left[\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}|a_{n}|^{q}n^{q-2}\right]^{1/q} \qquad (2 \leq q < \infty);$$

$$\left[\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}|b_n|^p\,n^{p-2}\right]^{1/p} \leq A_2'(p)\left[\int_0^1|g(x)|^p\,dx\right]^{1/p} \qquad (1$$

$$\left[\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |b_n|^q\right]^{1/q} \leq A_4'(q) \left[\int_0^1 |g(x)|^q \, x^{q-2} \, dx\right]^{1/q} \qquad (2 \leq q < \infty) \, .$$

In the present paper we shall establish some related results which are however a great deal simpler. We shall prove that

(4') 
$$\left[ \int_0^1 |f(x)|^2 x^{-2\alpha} dx \right]^{1/2} \leq A_1(\alpha) \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |a_n|^2 n^{2\alpha} \right]^{1/2} \qquad (0 \leq \alpha < 1/2);$$

$$(4'') \qquad \left[\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |b_n|^2 n^{-2\alpha}\right]^{1/2} \leq A_2(\alpha) \left[\int_0^1 |g(x)|^2 x^{2\alpha} dx\right]^{1/2} \qquad (0 \leq \alpha < 1/2).$$

As Paley pointed out, the inequalities (3) include the inequalities of F. Riesz which assert that

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