

THE SUSPENSION OF THE GENERALIZED PONTRJAGIN COHOMOLOGY OPERATIONS

EMERY THOMAS

1. The main theorem. In a previous paper [9] I have defined a sequence of new cohomology operations, called the *generalized Pontrjagin operations*. These operations use as coefficient groups the summands of a certain type of graded ring: namely, *a ring with divided powers* (defined by H. Cartan in [1]), which is termed a Γ -ring in [9]. Let $A = \sum_k A_k$ be a ring with divided powers such that each summand A_k is a cyclic group of infinite or prime power order; we termed such rings *p-cyclic* in [9]. Then, the Pontrjagin operations are functions

$$\mathfrak{P}_t: H^{2n}(X; A_{2k}) \longrightarrow H^{2tn}(X; A_{2tk}) \quad (k, n > 0; t = 0, 1, \dots)$$

where $H^q(Y, B; G)$ denotes the q th (singular) cohomology group of the pair (Y, B) with coefficients in the group G .

Let C be a cohomology operation relative to integers r, s and coefficient groups G, H . That is, C is a natural transformation

$$C: H^r(Y, B; G) \longrightarrow H^s(Y, B; H).$$

With each operation C we associate a second operation, $S(C)$, called the *suspension* of C . $S(C)$ is a natural transformation

$$H^{r-1}(Y, B; G) \longrightarrow H^{s-1}(Y, B; H);$$

its definition is given in § 3.

The purpose of this note is to determine $S(\mathfrak{P}_t)$, where \mathfrak{P}_t is the generalized Pontrjagin operation. In order to state our result concerning $S(\mathfrak{P}_t)$, we need an additional cohomology operation, the Postnikov square (see [3], [10]). This was defined in [9], but only for a restricted class of coefficient groups. In this paper we will define the Postnikov square as a cohomology operation

$$p: H^q(Y, B; A_{2k}) \longrightarrow H^{2q+1}(Y, B; A_{4k}), \quad (q, k > 0)$$

where A_{2k} is an even summand of a p -cyclic ring with divided powers.

We now may state the main result of the paper.

THEOREM I. *For any cohomology operation C , let $S(C)$ denote the suspension of the operation C . Then,*

Received October 18, 1957, in revised form December 19, 1958. This research has been partly supported by U. S. Air Force contract AF 49 (638)-79.