

TOTAL POSITIVITY AND THE EXACT n -WIDTH OF CERTAIN SETS IN L^1

CHARLES A. MICHELLI AND ALLAN PINKUS

In this paper we obtain the exact value of the L^1 n -width, both in the sense of Kolmogorov and Gel'fand, and characterize optimal subspaces for the set

$$\mathcal{K}_r = \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^r a_j k_j(t) + \int_0^1 K(t, s) h(s) ds : (a_1, \dots, a_r) \in \mathbf{R}^r, \|h\|_1 \leq 1 \right\},$$

under certain total positivity assumptions on

$$\{k_1(t), \dots, k_r(t), K(t, s)\}.$$

A matrix analogue is also described.

1. Introduction. Let X be a normed linear space, \mathcal{A} a subset of X , and X_n any n -dimensional linear subspace of X . Then the n -width of \mathcal{A} relative to X , in the sense of Kolmogorov, is defined to be

$$d_n(\mathcal{A}; X) = \inf_{X_n} \sup_{x \in \mathcal{A}} \inf_{y \in X_n} \|x - y\|.$$

X_n is called an optimal subspace for \mathcal{A} provided that

$$d_n(\mathcal{A}; X) = \delta(\mathcal{A}; X_n) = \sup_{x \in \mathcal{A}} \inf_{y \in X_n} \|x - y\|.$$

The n -width of \mathcal{A} relative to X , in the sense of Gel'fand, is defined as

$$d^n(\mathcal{A}; X) = \inf_{L_n} \sup_{x \in \mathcal{A} \cap L_n} \|x\|,$$

where L_n is any subspace of X of codimension n . If

$$d^n(\mathcal{A}; X) = \sup_{x \in \mathcal{A} \cap L_n} \|x\|,$$

then L_n is an optimal subspace for the Gel'fand n -width of \mathcal{A} .

A typical choice for \mathcal{A} is the image of the unit ball under a compact mapping K of X into itself,

$$\mathcal{K} = \{Kx : \|x\| \leq 1\}.$$

When X is a Hilbert space then it is possible to obtain an exact value for $d_n(\mathcal{K}; X)$. This fact originated with the methods used in Kolmogorov's seminal paper [4]. For $X = L^\infty[0, 1]$, we computed (in [6]) the n -widths of \mathcal{K} when K is an integral operator determined by a totally positive kernel.

In this paper, we obtain the exact value of the L^1 n -width, both