## $T^{n}$ -ACTIONS ON SIMPLY CONNECTED (n + 2)-MANIFOLDS

## DENNIS MCGAVRAN

In this paper we show that, for each  $n \ge 2$ , there is a unique, closed, compact, connected, simply connected (n + 2)manifold,  $M_{n+2}$ , admitting an action of  $T^n$  satisfying the following condition: there are exactly  $n T^1$ -stability groups  $T_1, \dots, T_n$  with each  $F(T_i, M_{n+2})$  connected. In this case we have  $T^n \cong T_1 \times \dots \times T_n$ . Any other action  $(T^n, M^{n+2}), M^{n+2}$ simply connected, can be obtained from an action  $(T^n, M_{n+2})$ by equivariantly replacing copies of  $D^4 \times T^{n-2}$  with copies of  $S^3 \times D^2 \times T^{n-3}$ . As an application, we classify all actions of  $T^n$  on simply connected (n + 2)-manifolds for n = 3, 4.

Several results have been obtained about  $T^n$ -actions on (n + 2)manifolds. Orlik and Raymond have obtained various classification theorems for the cases n = 1, 2 (see [11], [12] and [14]). Various general results have been obtained in [4] and [5] for n > 2. This paper is a continuation of the work done in [4]. We also obtain classification theorems similar to those of [12] for n = 3, 4.

In [4] it was shown that, for each n, there exist actions of  $T^n$  on simply connected (n + 2)-manifolds. Here we prove the following.

THEOREM. For each n, there is a unique closed, compact, connected, simply connected (n + 2)-manifold  $M_{n+2}$  admitting an action of  $T^n$  satisfying the following conditions:

(i) There are exactly  $n T^1$ -stability groups  $T_1, \dots, T_n$ .

(ii) Each  $F(T_i, M_{n+2})$  is connected.

Furthermore,  $T^n \cong T_1 \times \cdots \times T_n$ .

We then show that any action  $(T^n, M^{n+2})$ ,  $M^{n+2}$  a closed, compact, connected, simply connected (n + 2)-manifold, can be obtained from an action  $(T^n, M_{n+2})$  by equivariantly replacing copies of  $D^4 \times T^{n-2}$ with copies of  $S^3 \times D^2 \times T^{n-3}$ .

The above results are applied to two specific cases. We show that if  $T^3$  acts on a simply connected 5-manifold, M, then M is  $M_5 = S^5$  or a connected sum of copies of  $S^2 \times S^3$ . For  $T^4$ -actions on simply connected 6-manifolds, M, we show that M is  $M_6 = S^3 \times$  $S^3$  or M is a connected sum of copies of  $S^2 \times S^4$  and  $S^3 \times S^3$ .

1. Preliminaries. We shall use standard terminology and notation throughout (e.g. see [2]). Unless otherwise stated, all mani-