## APPROXIMATE FIBRATIONS AND A MOVABILITY CONDITION FOR MAPS

## DONALD CORAM AND PAUL DUVALL

In a previous paper the authors defined the approximate homotopy lifting property and studied its implications. This property is a generalization of the homotopy lifting property of classical fiber space theory. Here a necessary and sufficient condition on point-inverses for a map to have the approximate homotopy lifting property for *n*-cells is given; and the approximate homotopy lifting property for *n*-cells is shown to imply the approximate homotopy lifting property for all spaces. A corollary is that, in a fairly general context, any two point-inverses of a Serre (weak) fibration have the same shape. By combining these results with results of L. Husch, some conditions are obtained under which a map between manifolds can be approximated by locally trivial fibrations.

1. Introduction and preliminaries. Throughout this paper,  $p: E \rightarrow B$  will denote a surjective map between locally compact, separable metric ANR's E and B. We say that p has the approximate homotopy lifting property (AHLP) with respect to the space X if whenever  $h: X \times I \rightarrow B$  and  $\tilde{h}: X \times \{0\} \rightarrow E$  are maps such that  $p\tilde{h} = h | X \times \{0\}$  and  $\varepsilon$  is a cover of B, h extends to a map  $\tilde{h}: X \times I \rightarrow E$ such that h and  $p\tilde{h}$  are  $\varepsilon$ -close. By a simple modification of [4; XX, 2.4], if p has the AHLP with respect to X, we may choose  $\tilde{h}$  to be stationary when h is, i.e., if h(p(x), t) = p(x) for all  $t, \tilde{h}(x, t) = x$  for all t. If p has the AHLP for all spaces, we say that p is an approximate fibration. (It suffices to have the AHLP for metric spaces by [3, Prop. 1.4].)

Approximate fibrations and approximate lifting were introduced in [3] as an abstraction of the useful lifting properties possessed by  $UV^{k}$ -maps [9], [11], [12]. It is shown in [3] that approximate fibrations have shape theoretic properties analogous to the homotopy theoretic properties of Hurewicz fibrations. For example, under appropriate hypotheses on E and B any two point inverses of p have the same shape, and p induces an exact sequence involving the homotopy groups of E and B and the shape-theoretic homotopy groups of any point inverse of p.

In this paper, we study conditions which imply that a map is an approximate fibration. Section 2 is devoted to showing that, in the case of approximate liftings, the difference between Serre and Hurewicz fibrations disappears; that is, the AHLP for all cells is