## ON THE DIVISORS OF MONIC POLYNOMIALS OVER A COMMUTATIVE RING

## ROBERT GILMER AND WILLIAM HEINZER

For a commutative ring R with identity, denote by  $R\langle X \rangle$ the quotient ring of R[X] with respect to the regular multiplicative system S of monic polynomials over R. The present paper determines the group of units of the ring  $R\langle X \rangle$ . This is equivalent to the problem of determining the saturation  $S^*$  of the multiplicative system S; by definition,  $S^*$  consists of all divisors of monic polynomials over R. For a nonzero polynomial

$$f = f_0 + f_1 X + \cdots + f_n X^n \in R[X]$$
,

it is shown that each of the following conditions (A) and (B) is equivalent to the condition that f divides a monic polynomial over R (in (B), the ring R is reduced).

(A) The coefficients of f generate the unit ideal of R and, for each j between 0 and n and for each prime ideal P of R, the relations  $f_{j+1}, \dots, f_n \in P$ ,  $f_j \notin P$ , imply that  $f_j$  is a unit modulo P.

(B) There exists a direct sum decomposition

$$R = R_1 \oplus \cdots \oplus R_m$$
 of  $R$ 

such that if  $f = g_1 + \cdots + g_m$  is the decomposition of f with respect to the induced decomposition

$$R[X] = R_1[X] \oplus \cdots \oplus R_m[X]$$
 of  $R[X]$ ,

then the leading coefficient of  $g_i$  is a unit of  $R_i$  for each *i*. One corollary to the preceding characterizations is that  $S^*$  is the set of polynomials over R with unit leading coefficient if and only if the ring R is reduced and indecomposable.

Let R be a commutative ring with identity, let X be an indeterminate over R, and denote by S the regular multiplicative system of monic polynomials over R. The quotient ring  $R[X]_s$  of R[X] is currently receiving attention, probably because of the role it plays in Quillen's solution of the Serre Conjecture [6]. We use the symbol  $R\langle X \rangle$  to denote the ring  $R[X]_s$ ; this differs from Quillen's notation R(X) for this ring, but our choice of notation is based on the fact that R(X) has traditionally been used to denote the quotient ring of R[X] with respect to the multiplicative system of polynomials of unit content [5, p. 18], [2, §33]. The aim of this paper is to determine the group of units of the ring  $R\langle X \rangle$ . If  $S^* =$  $\{f \in R[X]|f$  divides an element of  $S\}$  (that is,  $S^*$  is the saturation