

## A FORMULA FOR SEGRE CLASSES OF SINGULAR PROJECTIVE VARIETIES

SHOJI YOKURA

**The Segre class of a singular projective variety  $X$  is that of the normal cone of the diagonal in the product  $X \times X$ . This class was introduced by K. W. Johnson and W. Fulton to study immersions and embeddings. In our previous work we related the Segre classes and the Chern-Mather classes for hypersurfaces with codimension one singularities and  $X^n \subset \mathbb{P}^{2n}$  with isolated singularities. In this paper we generalize these results to the case of  $X^n \subset \mathbb{P}^N$  with singularities of codimension  $N - n$  ( $N \leq 2n$ ).**

The notion of Segre classes (of cones) has become of increasing importance as a key ingredient for constructing or analyzing various invariants, e.g., in intersection theory and group representation theory, etc.

The Segre class treated in this note is the Segre class of a singular projective variety, which was introduced by K. W. Johnson (and W. Fulton) to study immersions and embeddings of singular projective varieties [4]. This is the Segre class of the normal cone  $C_\Delta(X \times X)$  of the diagonal  $\Delta$  in the product  $X \times X$ . We call this class Johnson's Segre class, denoted by  $S_*(X)$ .

Another well-studied characteristic class of a singular variety is MacPherson's Chern class, the existence of which was conjectured by Deligne and Grothendieck. R. MacPherson [7] constructed this Chern class, using Chern-Mather classes and introducing the notion of local Euler obstruction. A. Dubson [2] gave a more concrete description for MacPherson's Chern class  $C_*(X)$ : Let  $\mathcal{S}_X$  be a (in fact, any) Whitney stratification of  $X$  with the smooth part of  $X$  as the top-dimensional stratum and let  $C_*^M(X)$  denote the Chern-Mather class of  $X$ . Then

$$C_*(X) = C_*^M(X) + \sum_{\substack{S \in \mathcal{S}_X \\ \dim S < \dim X}} m_S \cdot C_*^M(\bar{S}),$$

where  $m_S$  is a certain integer attached to each stratum  $S$ .

Motivated by Dubson's formula relating MacPherson's Chern class and the Chern-Mather class, the author [9] introduced the Segre-