Cordero, M. and Figueroa, R. Osaka J. Math. 30 (1993), 171–178

## ON SOME NEW CLASSES OF SEMIFIELD PLANES

M. CORDERO\* and R. FIGUEROA<sup>†</sup>

(Received October 21, 1991)

## 1. Introduction

In [9] Hiramine, Matsumoto and Oyama introduced a construction method that associates with any translation plane of order  $q^2$  (q odd) and kernel  $K \cong GF(q)$ , translation planes of order  $q^4$  and kernel  $K' \cong GF(q^2)$ . In this article we study the class of semifield planes of order  $q^4$  obtained from this method and show that with a few exceptions, the members of this class are new semifield planes. This class includes some recently constructed classes of planes; namely the class presented by Boerner-Lantz in [4] and the one by Cordero in [6].

## 2. Notation and preliminary results

Let  $S = (S, +, \cdot)$  be a finite semifield which is not a field. We denote by  $\pi(S)$  the semifield plane coordinatized by S with respect to the points  $(0), (\infty), (0, 0)$  and (1, 1). The dual translation plane of  $\pi(S)$  is also a semifield plane and it is coordinatized by the semifield  $S^* = (S, +, *)$ , where  $a * b = b \cdot a$ . Let q be an odd prime power,  $\mathcal{F} = GF(q^2)$  and  $x^r = \overline{x} = x^q$  for  $x \in \mathcal{F}$ . Let  $\pi$  be a semifield plane obtained by the construction method of Hiramine, Matsumoto and Oyama. Then  $\pi$  admits a matrix spread set of the form

$$\mathcal{M} = \left\{ M(u, v) = \begin{bmatrix} u & v \\ f(v) & \overline{u} \end{bmatrix} : u, v \in \mathcal{F} \right\}$$

where  $f: \mathcal{F} \to \mathcal{F}$  is an additive function.  $\pi$  is coordinatized by the semifield  $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{P}_f = (\mathcal{P}, +, \cdot)$ , where  $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{F} \times \mathcal{F}$  and

$$(x, y) \cdot (u, v) = (x, y) \begin{bmatrix} u & v \\ f(v) & \overline{u} \end{bmatrix}.$$

We shall denote this plane by  $\pi_f$ . We define the following classes:

<sup>\*</sup>Research partially supported by NSF Grant No. DMS-9107372

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Research partially supported by NSF Grant No. RII-9014056, EPSCoR of Puerto Rico Grant, and the ARO Grant for Cornell MSI.