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## A NOTE ON THE RELATION OF Z<sub>2</sub>-GRADED COMPLEX COBORDISM TO COMPLEX K-THEORY

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Let  $MU^*()$  and  $K^*()$  denote the  $Z_2$ -graded complex cobordism theory and the complex K-theory respectively. The Thom homomorphism  $\mu_{c^*}: \pi_0(MU) \rightarrow \pi_0(K)$  on coefficient groups is identified (up to sign) with the classical Todd genus  $Td: \Lambda \rightarrow Z$ . We denote by I the ideal of  $\Lambda$  to be the kernel of  $Td: \Lambda \rightarrow Z$ . Wolff [7] proved that the decreasing filtration  $\{I^aMU^*()\}$  of  $MU^*()$  consists of cohomology theories defined on the category of based finite CW-complexes, and the associated quotients  $I^aMU^*()/I^{q+1}MU^*()$  are determined by the complex K-theories  $KG^{q}_{\mathbf{q}}()$  with coefficients  $G_q = I^q/I^{q+1}$ .

The purpose of this note is to extend the Wolff's result to the category of based CW-complexes. Let  $F_qMU$  be the CW-spectrum associated with the cohomology theory  $I^qMU^*()$ , i.e.,  $\{Y, F_qMU\}^* \cong I^qMU^*(Y)$  for any based finite CW-complex (or finite CW-spectrum). We show that  $\{F_qMU^*()\}$  is a decreasing filtration of  $MU^*()$  consisting of  $\Lambda$ -modules so that the associated quotients are equal to  $KG_q^*()$ , and in addition that  $F_{q+1}MU^*()$  is a direct summand of  $F_qMU^*()$ .

Moreover we give a tower

$$MU \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow Q_q MU \rightarrow Q_{q-1} MU \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow Q_0 MU = K$$

of MU-module spectra such that  $KG_q \rightarrow Q_q MU \rightarrow Q_{q-1}MU$  is a cofiber sequence of MU-module spectra, which factorizes the Thom map  $\mu_c: MU \rightarrow K$ .

Baas [3] constructed a tower of CW-spectra

 $MU \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow MU\langle n \rangle \rightarrow MU\langle n-1 \rangle \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow MU\langle 0 \rangle = H$ 

factorizing the Thom map  $\mu: MU \to H$ . In appendix we show that the tower is of MU-module spectra and the sequence  $\sum^{2n} MU \langle n \rangle \xrightarrow{m_{x_n}} MU \langle n \rangle \to MU \langle n-1 \rangle$ is a cofiber sequence where  $m_{x_n}$  is the multiplication by  $x_n$  a ring generator of  $\Lambda$ with degree 2n.

## 1. Decreasing filtration of $MU_{*}()$

**1.1.** A pair  $(E, \rho)$  is called a  $Z_2$ -graded CW-spectrum if E is a CW-spectrum