

## TRANSFORMS OF CURRENTS BY MODIFICATIONS AND 1-CONVEX MANIFOLDS

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### 1. Introduction

Let  $X'$  and  $X$  be complex manifolds (not compact, a priori), and  $X' \xrightarrow{\alpha} X$  a proper modification with center  $Z$  and exceptional divisor  $E$ , whose irreducible components are  $\{E_k\}$ . Let  $Y$  be an analytic subset of  $X$  without irreducible components in  $Z$ : then its strict (proper) transform  $Y'$  is a well-defined analytic subset of  $X'$ . In particular, when  $D$  is a complex hypersurface of  $X$ , we can define the strict transform  $D'$  and also the total transform

$$(1.1) \quad \alpha^* D = D' + \sum_k n_k E_k, \quad n_k \geq 0.$$

In the first part of this paper we shall extend these notions to the case of currents on  $X$ , and ask for the existence and uniqueness of strict and total transforms.

We can look for a strict transform  $T'$  of a current  $T$  on  $X$  (of every bidegree) when  $T$  is of order zero and  $\chi_Z T = 0$  (see Definition 3.1); moreover, if a strict transform exists, it is unique (see Proposition 3.2).

On the other hand, to define the total transform  $\alpha^* T$  of a current  $T$  on  $X$  (Definition 3.3),  $T$  must be “closed” in some sense: in fact, the idea is that if  $\varphi$  is a smooth form on  $X$ , cohomologous to  $T$ , then  $\alpha^* T$  should be cohomologous to  $\alpha^* \varphi$ . The classical case is that of  $d$ -closed currents, while the most general context seems to be that of  $\partial\bar{\partial}$ -closed currents (i.e. pluriharmonic currents); moreover, we would like to generalize (1.1) as:

$$(1.2) \quad \alpha^* T = T' + L$$

where  $L$  is a current supported on  $E$ . As for existence results, since we have to estimate locally the mass of  $T_\alpha := (\alpha|_{X'-E})_*^{-1}(T|_{X-Z})$ , we shall assume  $T \geq 0$  (in the sense of Lelong).

But notice that defining a “good” total transform, besides bidegree  $(1, 1)$ , seems hopeless: for instance, if  $Y$  is a line through the origin in  $\mathbf{C}^3$  and  $X' \xrightarrow{\alpha} X := \mathbf{C}^3$  is the blow-up with center in the origin, what could be the “true” meaning of  $\alpha^* Y$ ?