

GALOIS ACTION ON SOME IDEAL SECTION POINTS OF THE ABELIAN VARIETY ASSOCIATED WITH A MODULAR FORM AND ITS APPLICATION

FUMIYUKI MOMOSE

Introduction

For an integer N , let $X_1(N)$ be the modular curve defined over \mathbf{Q} which corresponds to the modular group $\Gamma_1(N)$. To each primitive cusp form $f = \sum a_m q^m$, $a_1 = 1$, (= normalized new form in the sense of [1]) on $\Gamma_1(N)$ of weight 2, there corresponds a factor J_f of the jacobian variety of $X_1(N)$ (cf. Shimura [19]). Shimura [20] and Ohta [11] etc. investigated the Galois action on some ideal section points of J_f . They treated the case when f is a primitive cusp form on $\Gamma_1(l)$ with the neben typus character $\left(\frac{l}{\cdot}\right)$ for a prime number l , $l \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$. We here treat the forms on $\Gamma_0(l^n)$ (i.e., the Haupt form) for a prime number $l \neq 2$. Put $K_f = \mathbf{Q}(a_m \mid 1 \leq m \in \mathbf{Z})$ and δ_f be the ideal of the ring of integers \mathcal{O} of K_f generated by a_q for all primes q such that $\left(\frac{\pm l}{q}\right) = -1$. Here, the sign \pm is chosen so that $\pm l \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$. When a form f is associated with a Grössen-character of an imaginary quadratic field (cf. [18]), we say that f has C.M. or f is a form with C.M. One of the results is the following, which was conjectured in Saito [17]:

PROPOSITION (cf. (1.10), (1.16)). *Let f be a primitive cusp form on $\Gamma_0(l^n)$ of weight 2 for a prime number l , $l \equiv -1 \pmod{4}$. Assume that there exists a prime \mathfrak{P} of K_f which divides δ_f but not divide $2l$. Then, there exists a primitive cusp form Θ with C.M. on $\Gamma_0(l^n)$ of weight 2 such that*

$$f \equiv \Theta \pmod{\bar{\mathfrak{P}}},$$

where $\bar{\mathfrak{P}}$ is an extension of \mathfrak{P} to $\bar{\mathbf{Q}}$. Further, if $\mathfrak{P} \nmid (l-1) \cdot l$, f and Θ belong to the same direct factor in Saito's decomposition of the space $S_2^0(\Gamma_0(l^n))$