GENERATORS AND RELATIONS FOR CYCLOTOMIC UNITS

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To the memory of TADASI NAKAYAMA

1. Introduction

We prove here an unpublished conjecture of Milnor which gives a complete set of multiplicative relations between the numbers

$$e'(\zeta)=1-\zeta,$$

where $\zeta \neq 1$ ranges over complex roots of unity. Information of this type is useful in certain areas of topology as well as in number theory.

2. Statement of the theorem

Clearly

(A) $e'(\zeta^{-1}) = -\zeta^{-1}e'(\zeta).$

Suppose $\zeta^n \neq 1$. In

$$t^n-1=\prod_{\eta^n=1}(t-\eta)$$

substitute ζ^{-1} for t to obtain

$$\zeta^{-n}-1=\prod_{\eta^{n}=1}\zeta^{-1}(1-\zeta\eta),$$

and then multiply by ζ^n , yielding

(B)
$$e'(\zeta^n) = \prod_{\eta^n=1} e'(\eta\zeta)$$
 if $\zeta^n \neq 1$.

MILNOR'S CONJECTURE. All multiplicative relations, modulo torsion, between the $e'(\zeta)$, are consequences of (A) and (B) above.

The following theorem is slightly more precise.

THEOREM 1. Let U'_m denote the multiplicative group generated by all $e'(\zeta)$

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