

ON FANO MANIFOLDS, WHICH ARE P^k -BUNDLES OVER P^2

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In our earlier paper [8] we discussed Fano manifolds X that are of the form $X = \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ with a rank-2 vector bundle \mathcal{E} on a surface S . Here we study a more general situation of Fano manifolds, ruled over the complex projective plane P^2 as P^{r-1} -bundles, i.e., being of the form $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ with \mathcal{E} -a bundle of rank $r \geq 3$ on P^2 . We say that \mathcal{E} is a Fano bundle if $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ is a Fano manifold.

THEOREM. *All manifolds $X = \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ with \mathcal{E} a vector bundle of rank $r \geq 2$ over P^2 are listed below:*

c_1	c_2	\mathcal{E}	$X = \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$
0	0	\mathcal{O}^r	$P^2 \times P^{r-1}$
1	0	$\mathcal{O}(1) \oplus \mathcal{O}^{r-1}$	blow-up of P^{r+1} along P^{r-1}
1	1	$T(-1) \oplus \mathcal{O}^{r-2}$	a divisor of degree (1, 1) in $P^2 \times P^r$
2	0	$\mathcal{O}(2) \oplus \mathcal{O}^{r-1}$	blow-up of the cone in P^{r+4} over veronese (P^2) $\subset P^5$ along its vertex ($= P^{r-2}$)
2	1	$\mathcal{O}(1)^2 \oplus \mathcal{O}^{r-2}$ ($r \geq 3$)	blow-up of the cone in P^{r+3} over $P^1 \times P^2 \subset P^5$ along its vertex ($= P^{r-3}$)
2	2	$r = 2$: a bundle \mathcal{E}_2 in $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}_2(-1) \rightarrow \mathcal{J}_x \rightarrow 0$ $r \geq 3$: special: $\mathcal{O}^{r-1} \oplus \mathcal{E}_2$ general: $T(-1) \oplus \mathcal{O}(1) \oplus \mathcal{O}^{r-3}$	blow-up of \mathcal{Q}_3 along a line; blow-up of a cone over a smooth quadric \mathcal{Q}_3 (resp. \mathcal{Q}_4) along a linear subspace P^{r-1} containing the vertex $\cong P^{r-3}$ (resp. P^{r-4})
2	3	All bundles fitting into $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O} \rightarrow (-1)^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^{r+2} \rightarrow \mathcal{E} \rightarrow 0$ $r = 3$: special $\mathcal{E}_3^s = \mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{E}_2$	blow-up of P^3 along a twisted cubic curve, if $r = 2$ blow-up of the cone over a twisted cubic curve in P^4 , i.e. the rational normal scroll $S(0, 3)$

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