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ON SOME DIMENSION FORMULA FOR AUTOMORPHIC FORMS OF WEIGHT ONE, II

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§0. Introduction

Let Γ be a fuchsian group of the first kind and assume that Γ contains the element $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ (= -I), and let χ be a unitary representation of Γ of degree 1 such that $\chi(-I) = -1$. Let $S_1(\Gamma, \chi)$ be the linear space of cusp forms of weight one on the group Γ with character χ . We shall denote by d_1 the dimension of the linear space $S_1(\Gamma, \chi)$. It is not effective to compute the number d_1 by means of the Riemann-Roch theorem. Because of this reason, it is an interesting problem in its own right to determine the number d_1 by some other method (for example, [5]).

When the group Γ has a compact fundamental domain in the upper half plane S^{1} , we have obtained the following dimension formula which is a slightly modified form of the previous result ([1]):

(1)
$$d_{1} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\{M\}} \frac{\chi(M)}{[\Gamma(M): \pm I]} \frac{\bar{\zeta}}{1 - \bar{\zeta}^{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Res}_{s=0} \zeta^{*}(s),^{2}$$

where the sum over $\{M\}$ is taken over the distinct elliptic conjugacy classes of $\Gamma/\{\pm I\}$, $\Gamma(M)$ denotes the centralizer of M in Γ , $\bar{\zeta}$ is one of the eigenvalues of M, and $\zeta^*(s)$ denotes the Selberg type zeta-function defined by

$$\zeta^*(s) = \sum_{\alpha=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\chi(P_{\alpha})^k \log \lambda_{0,\alpha}}{\lambda_{0,\alpha}^k - \lambda_{0,\alpha}^{-k}} |\lambda_{0,\alpha}^k + \lambda_{0,\alpha}^{-k}|^{-s}.$$

Here, $\lambda_{0,\alpha}$ denotes the eigenvalue $(\lambda_{0,\alpha} > 1)$ of a representative P_{α} of the primitive hyperbolic conjugacy classes $\{P_{\alpha}\}$ in $\Gamma/\{\pm I\}$.

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¹⁾ In this case, $S_1(\Gamma, \chi)$ denotes simply the space of all holomorphic automorphic forms of weight one with χ .

²⁾ For this modified formula of d_1 , refer to Hiramatsu ([6], Remark 1 in § 2).