

STABILITY OF HÖLDER ESTIMATES FOR $\bar{\partial}$ ON PSEUDOCONVEX DOMAINS OF FINITE TYPE IN \mathbb{C}^2

S. CHO¹, H. AHN AND S. KIM

Abstract. Let Ω be a smoothly bounded pseudoconvex domain in \mathbb{C}^2 and let $b\Omega$ be of finite type m . Then we prove the stability of Hölder estimates for $\bar{\partial}$ under some perturbations of $b\Omega$. As an application, we prove the Mergelyan property with respect to $C^\alpha(\bar{\Omega})$ norms for $0 \leq \alpha < 1/m$.

§1. Introduction

Methods of integral representations for estimating solutions for $\bar{\partial}$ -equation in several complex variables have been successfully used for strongly pseudoconvex domains [G-L, H, R1]. For weakly pseudoconvex domains of finite type in \mathbb{C}^2 , Range [R2] has introduced a method for constructing integral kernels on smoothly bounded pseudoconvex domains. This method was based on Skoda's L^2 estimates [S] for holomorphic solutions $h_j(p, z)$, $j = 1, 2$, of the division problem

$$h_1(p, z)(z_1 - p_1) + h_2(p, z)(z_2 - p_2) = 1, \quad p \in b\Omega, \quad z \in \Omega.$$

He has used the detailed geometric analysis of Catlin [C], near a boundary point $p_0 \in b\Omega$ of finite type to get pointwise estimates of $h_j(p, z)$, $z \in \Omega$, $j = 1, 2$. The result was:

THEOREM. ([R2]) *Let Ω be a smoothly bounded pseudoconvex domain in \mathbb{C}^2 of finite type m , and let $f \in C_{0,1}^1(\bar{\Omega})$ be $\bar{\partial}$ -closed. Then for every $\eta > 0$, there is a solution $u^{(\eta)}$ of $\bar{\partial}u = f$ on Ω which satisfies*

$$(1.1) \quad |u^{(\eta)}(z) - u^{(\eta)}(w)| \leq C_\eta \|f\|_{L^\infty(\Omega)} |z - w|^{\frac{1}{m} - \eta}$$

for $z, w \in \Omega$. The constant C_η is independent of f .

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