

Von Neumann-Jordan constant and
uniformly non-square Banach spaces

Yasuji TAKAHASHI* and Mikio KATO†

Abstract. A sequence of characterizations of uniform non-squareness is given, some of which are similar to the well-known homogeneous characterization of uniformly convex spaces. As corollaries: (i) Banach spaces with von Neumann-Jordan constant less than 2 are characterized as those uniformly non-square; (ii) it is presented that uniform non-squareness is inherited by dual spaces.

1. Introduction and preliminaries

According to Clarkson [5] the *von Neumann-Jordan (NJ-) constant* of a Banach space X , we denote it by $C_{NJ}(X)$, is the smallest constant C for which

$$\frac{1}{C} \leq \frac{\|x+y\|^2 + \|x-y\|^2}{2(\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2)} \leq C \quad (1)$$

holds for all $x, y \in X$ with $\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2 \neq 0$. (Note that the first and second inequalities of (1) are equivalent; put $x+y = u$, $x-y = v$.) Classical results state that: (i) $1 \leq C_{NJ}(X) \leq 2$ for any Banach space

, †) Supported in part by Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research from the Ministry of Education, Science and Culture (09640214 resp. 09640203†).