## UNIFORM STABILIZATION OF THE WAVE EQUATION ON COMPACT SURFACES AND LOCALLY DISTRIBUTED DAMPING\*

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Abstract. This paper is concerned with the study of the wave equation on compact surfaces and locally distributed damping, described by

 $u_{tt} - \Delta_{\mathcal{M}} u + a(x) g(u_t) = 0 \quad \text{on } \mathcal{M} \times ]0, \infty[,$ 

where  $\mathcal{M} \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  is a smooth (of class  $C^3$ ) oriented embedded compact surface without boundary, such that  $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M}_0 \cup \mathcal{M}_1$ , where

$$\mathcal{M}_1 := \{x \in \mathcal{M}; m(x) \cdot \nu(x) > 0\}$$
, AND  $\mathcal{M}_0 = \mathcal{M} \setminus \mathcal{M}_1$ .

Here,  $m(x) := x - x^0$ ,  $(x^0 \in \mathbb{R}^3 \text{ fixed})$  and  $\nu$  is the exterior unit normal vector field of  $\mathcal{M}$ .

For  $i = 1, \ldots, k$ , assume that there exist open subsets  $\mathcal{M}_{0i} \subset \mathcal{M}_0$  of  $\mathcal{M}$  with smooth boundary  $\partial \mathcal{M}_{0i}$  such that  $\mathcal{M}_{0i}$  are umbilical, or more generally, that the principal curvatures  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  satisfy  $|k_1(x) - k_2(x)| < \varepsilon_i$  ( $\varepsilon_i$  considered small enough) for all  $x \in \mathcal{M}_{0i}$ . Moreover suppose that the mean curvature H of each  $\mathcal{M}_{0i}$  is non-positive (i.e.  $H \leq 0$  on  $\mathcal{M}_{0i}$  for every  $i = 1, \ldots, k$ ). If  $a(x) \geq a_0 > 0$  on an open subset  $\mathcal{M} * \subset \mathcal{M}$  that contains  $\mathcal{M} \setminus \bigcup_{i=1}^k \mathcal{M}_{0i}$  and if g is a monotonic increasing function such that  $k|s| \leq |g(s)| \leq K|s|$  for all  $|s| \geq 1$ , then uniform decay rates of the energy hold.

Key words. Wave equation, localized damping, surfaces in R3, umbilical surfaces.

AMS subject classifications. 35L05, 35L15, 53A05, 53A10

**1. Introduction.** Let  $\mathcal{M}$  be a smooth (of class  $C^3$ ) oriented embedded compact surface without boundary in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with  $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M}_0 \cup \mathcal{M}_1$ , where

$$\mathcal{M}_1 := \{x \in \mathcal{M}; m(x) \cdot \nu(x) > 0\}$$
, and  $\mathcal{M}_0 = \mathcal{M} \setminus \mathcal{M}_1$ . (1.1)

Here,  $m(x) := x - x^0$ ,  $(x^0 \in \mathbb{R}^3 \text{ fixed})$  and  $\nu$  is the exterior unit normal vector field of  $\mathcal{M}$ .

We denote by  $\nabla_T$  the tangential-gradient on  $\mathcal{M}$ , by  $\Delta_{\mathcal{M}}$  the Laplace-Beltrami operator on  $\mathcal{M}$ . This paper is devoted to the study of the uniform stabilization of solutions of the following damped problem

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - \Delta_{\mathcal{M}} u + a(x) g(u_t) = 0 & \text{on } \mathcal{M} \times ]0, \infty[, \\ u(x, 0) = u^0(x), \quad u_t(x, 0) = u^1(x) & x \in \mathcal{M}, \end{cases}$$
(1.2)

where  $a(x) \ge a_0 > 0$  on an open proper subset  $\mathcal{M}_*$  of  $\mathcal{M}$  and in addition g is a monotonic increasing function such that  $k|s| \le |g(s)| \le K|s|$  for all  $|s| \ge 1$ .

Stability for the wave equation

$$u_{tt} - \Delta u + f(u) + a(x) g(u_t) = 0 \text{ in } \Omega \times \mathbb{R}_+, \qquad (1.3)$$

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