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## EXISTENCE AND REGULARITY FOR A SINGULAR SEMILINEAR STURM-LIOUVILLE PROBLEM

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Abstract. In this paper, we consider the following Sturm-Liouville problem

$$\begin{aligned} &-\frac{1}{r^{\gamma}}(r^{\gamma}u')'=r^{\beta}|u|^{p-1}u \quad \text{in } (0,R)\\ &u(R)=0, \quad \int_{0}^{R}r^{\gamma}|u'|^{2}\,dr<\infty \end{aligned}$$

where  $p \geq 1$ ,  $\beta > -2$ ,  $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}$ . Using the Mountain Pass Lemma we prove the existence of a weak positive solution under optimal conditions on the parameters. Beyond these conditions a variant of Pohozaev's identity gives non-existence. Using Möser's iteration technique we prove the boundedness of this solution which in turn gives the uniqueness. Applying a symmetric version of the Mountain Pass Lemma we proved the existence of infinitely many weak solutions changing sign. The main tool in the proof is the generalized Hardy-Litlewood inequality. We apply these results to semilinear degenerate elliptic equations in  $\mathbb{R}^N$  and we get new interesting corollaries.

## 0. Introduction. We consider the following boundary value problem

$$-\operatorname{div} (r^{\alpha} \nabla u) = r^{\delta} |u|^{p-1} u \quad \text{in } B_R(0) \subset \mathbb{R}^N, \ N \ge 3, \ r = |x|$$
$$u = 0 \quad \text{on } |x| = R.$$
$$(0.1)$$

If we restrict our search to radially symmetric solutions then this equation reduces to the following one

$$-\frac{1}{r^{\gamma}}(r^{\gamma}u')' = r^{\beta}u^{p} \quad \text{in} (0, R), \ \gamma = N + \alpha - 1, \ \beta = \delta - \alpha$$
  
$$u(R) = 0 + \text{a boundedness condition at } r = 0.$$
 (0.2)

One is tempted to set u'(0) = 0 but this is too restrictive since as we shall see later there exist weak solutions of (0.2) which are bounded at 0 and are not differentiable at this point. The natural boundedness condition is

$$\int_0^R r^{\gamma} |u'|^2 \, dr < \infty \tag{0.3}$$

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