A NONLINEAR EQUATION WITH PIECEWISE CONTINUOUS ARGUMENT

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Abstract. Asymptotic and qualitative behavior of solutions is established for the equations $(1) x'(t) = \mu x(t) (1 - x([t]))$, $(2) x'(t) = \mu x(t) (1 - x(2[(t+1)/2]))$, where μ is a positive parameter. Comparison is made with the continuous logistic equation $(3) x'(t) = \mu x(t)(1-x(t))$ and the discrete logistic equation $(4) x_n = \mu x_{n-1}(1-x_{n-1})$. One result is that (1) and (4) can exhibit complicated dynamics and (2) and (3) cannot.

I. Introduction. This paper is devoted to a study of two scalar non-linear differential equations of the logistic form, in which one of the arguments is t and the other argument is a piece-wise continuous function of t. Specifically, the equations are as follows:

$$x'(t) = \mu x(t) (1 - x([t])), \quad x(0) = c_0, \quad t \ge 0,$$
 (1.1)

$$x'(t) = \mu x(t) \left(1 - x(2[(t+1)/2])\right), \ x(0) = c_0, \ t \ge 0,$$
 (1.2)

Here, x' is the derivative of x, [t] denotes the greatest integer function, [t] = n when $n \le t < n+1$ where n is an integer, and μ and c_0 are real parameters.

Equations with arguments less than t, such as [t] in (1.1), may be regarded as special types of functional differential equations with retarded argument. These have been studied in some linear and nonlinear cases by Cooke and Wiener [2,3]. Equations of the neutral type with this kind of argument have also been discussed by these authors in [5], and equations of the advanced type were investigated by Shah and Wiener [8]. Cooke and Wiener also introduced an example of an equation with argument 2[(t+1)/2], which is alternately advanced and retarded [4].

It is possible to think of (1.1) and (1.2) as semi-discretizations of

$$x'(t) = \mu x(t) (1 - x(t)), \quad x(0) = c_0, \quad t \ge 0,$$
 (1.3)

Received December 28, 1987.

AMS(MOS) Subject Classifications: 34K20, 92A15.