

**A DIRECT APPROACH TO INFINITE DIMENSIONAL
HAMILTON–JACOBI EQUATIONS AND APPLICATIONS TO
CONVEX CONTROL WITH STATE CONSTRAINTS***

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1. Introduction. For several reasons convex optimal control plays a special role in the theory of Distributed Parameter Systems. For instance, convex control is one of the few examples of nonlinear control problems possessing a smooth value function. As well known, this fact is essential to constructing optimal feedback strategies by the Dynamic Programming approach. Moreover, such a function can be obtained by a direct method, solving a first order nonlinear partial differential equation, the so-called Hamilton–Jacobi–Bellman equation (see [1]).

The present paper is devoted to the analysis of Hamilton–Jacobi equations, when related to control problems with constraints on the state.

To fix ideas, let X and U be separable real Hilbert spaces, $0 \leq t \leq T$, and consider the problem of minimizing, over all controls $u \in L^2(t, T; U)$, the cost functional

$$f(y(T)) + \int_t^T \left[\frac{1}{2} \|u(s)\|_U^2 + g(y(s)) \right] ds, \quad (1.1)$$

where $y \in C([t, T]; X)$ is the mild solution of the state equation

$$\begin{cases} y'(s) = Ay(s) + Bu(s), & t \leq s \leq T \\ y(t) = x. \end{cases} \quad (1.2)$$

Here, we assume the following conditions, that are typical in convex control:

- (i) $f, g : X \rightarrow [0, +\infty)$ are continuous and convex functions such that $f(0) = 0 = g(0)$;
- (ii) $A : D(A) \subset X \rightarrow X$ is the infinitesimal generator of a C_0 -semigroup e^{tA} satisfying $\|e^{tA}x\|_X \leq e^{\alpha t}\|x\|_X$ for some $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$;
- (iii) $B \in \mathcal{L}(U, X)$.

A control \bar{u} at which the above functional attains its minimum is said to be *optimal*. The pair $\{\bar{y}, \bar{u}\}$, where \bar{y} is the corresponding solution of equation (1.2), is called an optimal pair.

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