

Blow-up Results of Viriel Type for Zakharov Equations

Frank Merle

Université de Cergy-Pontoise, Centre de Mathématiques, Avenue du Parc, 8, Le Campus, F-95033 Cergy-Pontoise Cedex, France

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Abstract: We consider the Zakharov equations in \mathbb{R}^N (for $N = 2, N = 3$). We first establish a viriel identity for such equations and then prove a blow-up result for solutions with a negative energy.

In this paper, we consider Zakharov equations in \mathbb{R}^N (for $N = 2, 3$):

$$iu_t = -\Delta u + nu,$$

$$(I'_{c_0}) \quad \frac{1}{c_0^2} n_u = \Delta n + \Delta |u|^2,$$

$$u(0) = \phi_0, \quad n(0) = n_0, \quad n_t(0) = n_1,$$

where $c_0 > 0$, Δ is the Laplacian operator on \mathbb{R}^N , $u : [0, T) \times \mathbb{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$, $n : [0, T) \times \mathbb{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and ϕ_0, n_0, n_1 are initial data.

In fact, we consider equation (I'_{c_0}) in the Hamiltonian case. That is, we assume that there is a $w_0 : \mathbb{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$n_t(0) = n_1 = -\Delta w_0. \quad (1.1)$$

Then $\forall t$, there is a $w(t)$ such that

$$n_t(t) = -\Delta w(t) = -\nabla \cdot v(t),$$

where $v(t) = \nabla w(t)$. In this case, (I'_{c_0}) can be written in the form

$$iu_t = -\Delta u + nu,$$

$$n_t = -\nabla \cdot v,$$

$$(I_{c_0}) \quad \frac{1}{c_0^2} v_t = -\nabla n - \nabla |u|^2,$$

$$u(0) = \phi_0, \quad n(0) = n_0, \quad v(0) = v_0.$$