

A Contribution of the Trivial Connection to the Jones Polynomial and Witten's Invariant of 3d Manifolds, I

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Received: 15 October 1994/in revised form: 21 December 1994

Abstract: We use a path integral formulation of the Chern–Simons quantum field theory in order to give a simple "semi-rigorous" proof of a recently conjectured limitation on the 1/K expansion of the Jones polynomial of a knot and its relation to the Alexander polynomial. A combination of this limitation with the finite version of the Poisson resummation allows us to derive a surgery formula for the contribution of the trivial connection to Witten's invariant of rational homology spheres. The 2-loop part of this formula coincides with Walker's surgery formula for the Casson–Walker invariant. This proves a conjecture that the Casson–Walker invariant is proportional to the 2-loop correction to the trivial connection contribution. A contribution of the trivial connection to Witten's invariant of a manifold with nontrivial rational homology is calculated for the case of Seifert manifolds.

1. Introduction

In his paper [1], Witten defined a topological invariant of a 3d manifold M with an n-component link \mathscr{L} inside it as a partition function of a quantum Chern–Simons theory. Let us attach representations V_{α_i} , $1 \leq i \leq n$ of a simple Lie group G to the components of \mathscr{L} (in our notations α_i are the highest weights shifted by $\rho = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\lambda_i \in A_+} \lambda_i$, A_+ is a set of positive roots of G). Then Witten's invariant is equal to the path integral over all guage equivalence classes of G connection on M:

$$Z_{\alpha_1,\dots,\alpha_n}(M,\mathscr{L};k) = \int [\mathscr{D}A_{\mu}] \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar}S_{CS}\right) \prod_{\nu=1}^n \operatorname{Tr}_{\alpha_{\nu}} \operatorname{Pexp}\left(\oint_{L_{\nu}}A_{\mu}dx^{\mu}\right), \quad (1.1)$$

here A_{μ} is a connection, S_{CS} is its Chern-Simons action,

$$S_{CS} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr} \varepsilon^{\mu\nu\rho} \int_{M} dx \left(A_{\mu} \partial_{\nu} A_{\rho} + \frac{2}{3} A_{\mu} A_{\nu} A_{\rho} \right) , \qquad (1.2)$$

¹ Work supported in part by the National Science Foundation under Grants No. PHY-92 09978 and 9009850 and by the R. A. Welch Foundation.