## The Automorphism Group of the Irrational Rotation C\*-Algebra

## George A. Elliott<sup>1</sup> and Mikael Rørdam<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Mathematics Institute, University of Copenhagen, DK-2100 Copenhagen Ø, Denmark, and Department of Mathematics, University of Toronto, Toronto, Canada M5S 1A1 <sup>2</sup> Department of Mathematics and Computer Science, Odense University, DK-5230 Odense M, Denmark

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Abstract. The structure of the automorphism group of a simple C\*-algebra of real rank zero which is an inductive limit of circle algebras is described. In particular, it is proved that the automorphism group of the irrational rotation C\*-algebra,  $A_{\theta}$ , for any irrational number  $\theta$ , is an extension of a topologically simple group by  $GL_2(\mathbb{Z})$ .

## 1. Introduction

Let A be a unital C\*-algebra. The automorphism group Aut(A) of A decomposes into a series

$$\operatorname{Inn}_0(A) \triangleleft \operatorname{Inn}(A) \triangleleft \operatorname{Aut}(A)$$
,

where Inn(A) is the group of approximately inner automorphisms, and  $Inn_0(A)$  is the closure of the group of inner automorphisms determined by unitaries connected to 1.

We shall prove, using an argument closely following a paper by de la Harpe and Skandalis, [HS], that if A is a simple C\*-algebra of real rank zero satisfying some extra conditions, then the group  $\overline{\text{Inn}}_0(A)$  is topologically simple (Corollary 2.4). In particular,  $\overline{\text{Inn}}_0(A)$  is topologically simple for all simple inductive limits of circle algebras which have real rank zero. It seems likely that  $\overline{\text{Inn}}_0(A)$  is topologically simple for all simple for all simple C\*-algebras.

By the classification theorem for inductive limits of circle algebras of real rank zero, [E2], it follows that the quotient group  $Aut(A)/\overline{Inn}(A)$  is isomorphic to the group of automorphisms of the K-theory of A (Theorem 2.1).

Sections 3 and 4 are concerned with computing the quotient group  $\overline{\text{Inn}(A)/\text{Inn}_0(A)}$  for a C\*-algebra A which is a simple inductive limit of circle